

The Nebraska Democrat

ESTABLISHED 1884

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, OCTOBER 8, 1914

\$1.50 PER YEAR

Social Notes

Last Thursday evening in the parlors of the Methodist Episcopal church of this city the new pastor, Rev. A. S. Buell, was tendered a reception by the members of the church and congregation. After a piano selection by Miss Bessie Crockett and several numbers by the Methodist men's chorus, Professor H. H. Hickman, in behalf of the church, made an address of welcome, using as the theme of his remarks greeting, "How do you do, come in, make yourself at home." Rev. Buell responded in happy vein, emphasizing the thought of unity of purpose in church work that the greatest good may result from the year's joint efforts of pastor and people. Rev. F. E. Blessing then spoke briefly but heartily in behalf of the ministerial association. At the conclusion of the program L. W. Roe, presiding officer, invited all present to meet Rev. and Mrs. Buell and enjoy a social hour together. The ladies of the church served frappe and wafers, and general good fellowship made the time pass all too swiftly.

One of the pleasant social functions of the week was at the home of Mrs. Mel Norton, who gave a dinner on Tuesday to the grandmothers of the neighborhood. In age the guests ranged from 67 to 90 years of age, and in spite of the fact that the ladies are not inclined to tell their age or have it published, we have secured the names and ages of the guests. Grandma Davies, aged 90 years, Grandma Heafy, 67; Grandma McClure, 72; Grandma Lilly, 86; Grandma Simonisen, 69; grandma Williams, 70; Grandma Bannister, 81. There were almost as many nationalities represented as in the present war over the pond, there being Welch, Irish, German, Swiss, Scotch, English and American. But there was no war there, and the strict neutrality was observed. The day will mark a bright spot in the lives of these old ladies, and it would have been of great interest to have listened to their talk of other days and other lands. A splendid dinner was served by the hostess.

The Monday club held their initial meeting for the season Monday afternoon with Mrs. A. A. Welsh, and each one responded to her name at roll call by giving some vacation experience. Mrs. E. A. Johnson sang two songs dur-

ing the afternoon program which were much appreciated. A social hour was passed discussing a delicious two course luncheon which the hostess served. When the club adjourned it was to meet at the home of Mrs. C. A. Chace next Monday afternoon.

The Bible Study Circle held a very interesting and instructive meeting at the home of Mrs. Wm. Beckenhauer Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Lutgen was the leader of the Bible lesson which was heartily entered into by the twenty or more ladies present. A small token of remembrance was presented Mrs. Merriam who with her family will move to Dixon next week. The next meeting will be at the home of Mrs. Goldsmith in the east part of town.

Mesdames J. H. Kemp and John E. Hufford entertained the members of the U. D. club at the home of the former last Monday evening. The main feature of the evening was a theater party after which delicious refreshments were served. Miss Jones, a sister of Woodward Jones, was the guest of honor, who sang several solos.

The Acme club met with Mrs. E. S. Blair last Monday afternoon. Mrs. Britell gave the address of welcome. Answer to roll call was by vacation reminiscences. Articles were read by different members on Egyptian architecture. Club meets with Mrs. J. T. Bressler next Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Clarence Corbit will entertain the Rural Home society next Thursday, October 15th. All members are urged to attend.

Two Threshing Fires

Tietgen Brothers of Sholes suffered the loss of a separator last week, and Chas. Lange northeast of Carroll for who they were threshing lost four stacks of grain, a spark from the engine being the supposed cause of the fire. Everything was so dry that it was impossible to save the machine.

Paul Walters south of Altona also suffered a loss of 600 bushels of oats from the same cause a few days ago.

Foot Ball Game

Trinity College vs. Wayne State Normal, Normal field, Saturday, October 10th, 3 p. m.

Old papers for sale at this office.

School Notes

The football game last Saturday between Wayne and Neligh, on the latter's gridiron, was a hard fought game from start to finish. Wayne had Neligh outplayed except during the last three minutes, when Neligh scored, making the score 6-0. The next game will be a return game at Wakefield, Friday at 4:00. Many students are planning on accompanying the team and boosting for it. Why not others besides high school students go and give the boys support?

Those neither absent nor tardy in the kindergarten for the month of September were: Gay Bonawitz, Lela Cox, Stella Hackason, Effie Hanson, Mable Hurst, Esther Ingham, Lorine Lane, Elsie Smith, Marie Sund, Willie Anderson, Arthur Chichester, Carl Clasen, Kermit Corzine, Walter Hanssen, Climeth Johnson, Emil Luders, Harold Murphy, and Herman Sund.

The program given by the freshmen last Thursday was an especially good one. It consisted of five numbers: A humorous reading, Virginia Bowen; discussion of the picture, "Aurora" painted by Guido Reno, Hazel Johnson; tongue-twister reading, Jane Randol; selection from Mark Twain, Wilma Gildersleeve; vocal solo, Agnes Weber.

The September enrollment in the grades was 317, in the training schools 103, and in the high school 100. There are ten non resident pupils in the grades, and twenty-two in the high school. The percent of attendance for the schools was 98.4, of punctuality, 99.5. The second and eight grades report perfect punctuality for the month.

Friday morning Rev. R. Moehring addressed the high school, on the subject, "The Difficulties in Europe." He spoke in an unbiased way, explaining the cause of the war, and other interesting items. His closing words were that all the young men should protect and help their country.

It is quite customary for the high school to have a reception for the football boys when they win a game, but quite out of the ordinary, when the team loses. Nevertheless, the team was royally entertained in the gymnasium, Saturday evening. This entertainment ought inspire the boys to do better.

Friday morning the fifth grade participated in a spelling contest, in which the girls won over the boys. Elsie Philbin was the best speller. The teacher has read the story of "Pinnocchio" to the pupils and is now reading "Mowxii."

The board of education of the Wayne city schools has given the two Wayne teachers who are candidates for county superintendency a few days to visit the voters of the county. Experienced substitutes will carry on their work.

The first grade pupils are going to use water colors to study sunset scenes. They are also going to construct wigmans to illustrate the study of "Hiawatha," in which they are becoming very interested.

The pupils of the sixth grade are coloring maps of the United States and are making memory maps. After completing the maps they will try their hand at writing poems.

The girls, who play basket ball, were invited to Dakota City, Nebraska, to play; but they declined the invitation for the present, as they have not yet organized.

The freshmen have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Irwin Auker, president; William Seers, vice-president; Virginia Bowen, secretary and treasurer.

Steps are being taken toward the organizing of a debating team. Wayne was formerly in the league and there is no reason why it should not be now.

The juniors elected Ralph Ingham, president; Dorothy Huse, vice-president; and Ruth Ingham, secretary and treasurer.

Russell Myers, a junior, left last week for Red Cloud, Nebraska, to which city his father was transferred by the recent conference.

Buelah Merriam, a senior, left last week for Wisner Nebraska, where she will go to school this year.

The second grade is going to correlate the story of "Columbus"

in their language and drawing lessons.

The manual training classes are assisting the domestic science classes by making bread and cake boards for use in the kitchen.

Recent visitors were Mesdames Elsie Littell, A. S. Buell and C. T. Ingham and Donald Beaman.

Arts and crafts pupils are now transferring their designs to leather.

The beginning class in domestic science is studying escalloped foods.

A new piano has been ordered for use in the assembly room.

Farm Loan Business

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Reorganization of the farm mortgage business so that the lender will be the friend and financial adviser and guardian of the borrower, was advocated here today by Dr. Lee Coulter, secretary of the United States commission on rural credits.

Dr. Coulter spoke before the first annual convention of the Farm Mortgage Banker's association. It is essential, he declared, that better financial principles be applied to farm mortgages. Two leading principles, he said, must guide such loans.

First, the amount and period of the loan must be adjusted to the purpose for which the loan is required.

Second, the provision must be made for the extension of the loan in annual installments.

Investors might not be satisfied with the loans paid on the installment plan, Dr. Coulter pointed out, and to stabilize the income from such an investment, a holding corporation might be formed to assemble such loans and issue bonds to the public. Control of such business, he said, would be vested in the federal government, under which control the whole farm mortgage business might be placed on a sound and efficient basis.

Score of Gun Club Shoot

Last week Tuesday the Wayne Gun Club gave a shoot, inviting the clubs from this part of the state to participate. Below is a list showing the record made by each contestant:

Entry	Broke	Shot at	Money
Hyatt.....	160	175	\$35.70
Crahan.....	153	175	16.95
Nagel.....	153	175	18.80
Devore.....	154	175	27.35
Koyen.....	153	175	26.25
*Carter.....	151	175	
Thompson..	147	175	13.85
Fisher.....	145	175	21.80
Reetz.....	145	175	23.70
Wiley.....	143	175	27.35
Weber.....	141	175	13.15
Voske.....	137	175	10.75
Von Seggern	138	175	4.95
Stucker....	135	175	14.10
Fiehn.....	130	150	13.50
Robinson...	125	150	14.40
Perdue.....	88	115	6.65
Hall.....	55	70	3.00
Miner.....	48	65	1.80

* Shot for target only.

Another Big Hog in County

In remitting for their advertisement in the Democrat, G. E. Paulsen of the Carroll firm who are growing Poland China swine, adds the information that he arrived home last week from Newell, Iowa, with J's Jumbo which he purchased there. This is a jumbo, tipping the scales at 800 pounds at age of 23 months, and he promises to reach the 1,000 pound mark soon. He was good enough as an individual to win sweepstake prize at Sioux City, so he was thought to be good enough to come to Wayne county, and will be shown at his sale at this place February 11th next. Wayne county will soon rival the best as the home of fancy stock.

Good Road Work

The county and city have joined forces and are doing a good job in reducing the steepest grade in the road leading from the north into Wayne. Five teams have been at work cutting the hill in the north part of the city and carrying the dirt into the draw north covering the concrete waterway that was put in there more than a year ago to greater depth. When completed the hill will be lowered several feet and the road in low places about five feet.

See the Democrat for wedding invitations.

State Normal Notes

Rev. F. E. Blessing was a chapel visitor Wednesday.

Mr. John Rohn, class of '07 and now a successful attorney at Fremont, was a visitor Friday afternoon.

An order has recently been placed for playground apparatus, much to the delight of the pupils of the training school.

Superintendent Fred S. Lecron of Platte county has invited Professor Lewis to address the teachers of his county at Monroe on the afternoon of October 24.

Superintendent A. L. Caviness is the newly elected secretary of the normal board, he being chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Secretary J. J. Tooley.

Thursday of this week will be observed as rally day for the various student activities, and the semester tickets will be placed on sale by the board of control at that time.

The first football game of the season on the home field will be played with Trinity College next Saturday afternoon at three o'clock. A good game is expected.

The normal football team put up a good fight at Yankton last Friday afternoon but the college was able to pile up a heavy score against the Wayne boys.

Plans for a temporary gymnasium were placed before the board at the last meeting, but after a discussion of conditions it was thought best to delay action this year, looking toward the erection of a permanent building that will fully meet the needs of the institution.

New registrations at the opening of the week are: Alma C. Harris, Dodge; Hazel D. Hughes, Belden; Ethel N. Barker, Long Pine; Freeman C. Barker, Long Pine; Jessie and Phyllis Alford, Verdell; Doris E. Myers, Laurel; Ruby V. Rogers, Waterbury; Clyde V. Post, Verdell.

Members of the alumni association now teaching in Sioux City, Iowa, are planning the organization of a Wayne Normal club. There are at present twelve graduates of the classes of the last three years employed in the Sioux City schools, and several others located at Dakota City and South Sioux. Miss Linda Winter and Miss Ruth Pearson are back of the movement for a club and we expect to hear of an active organization.

The northeast Nebraska teachers' association will convene at Emerson on Saturday, October 10. The following members of the faculty of the State Normal will appear upon the program: Professor Hunter will read a paper before the rural school section on "Manual Training for Rural Schools"; Professor Bright will address the general session Saturday afternoon.

on the subject "Industrial Education in the Philippines". Miss Alwine W. Luers will preside at the primary section Saturday morning.

Local News Items

Dan McManigal returned last week from a visit with his daughter, Mrs. S. K. West at Hammill, and his son, E. P. McManigal, at St. Charles, South Dakota. He found the folks prospering, and brought home with him samples of their corn and potatoes which compare favorably with the products grown here. He states that the corn yield there in many fields will be better than the crop in many fields in this country this year. They have many friends in this county who will be glad to learn that they are making good in their homes in the Rosebud country.

Henry Stuthman, who lives five miles north of Pilger, and almost belongs in Wayne county, was here Wednesday posting bills for his sale of Duroc Jersey boars, which will be held at his place Saturday the 17th. He has 45 head listed for sale, all but five being boars. He has such boars as Melina's Wonder, Crimson Wonder, Blue Ribbon, Golden Model, in his herd and is known to grow some of the best and most healthy stock in this part of the state. Read his advertisement.

Madison Brown was made happy Wednesday, receiving from his mother a beautiful quilt, the work of her own hands. The pattern is what is known as the Lone Star quilt. In this one the star covering the quilt is in red and pink, blending from the red center to the white in which it is set. The mother has pieced and quilted this since her 84th birthday, last June. In the star are 512 pieces.

Mrs. Sullivan returned to her home at Bloomfield Wednesday evening, following a week spent on her farms in this county. She was met at the station here, much to her surprise, by her niece, Mrs. O'Conner, who was on her way from Imogene, Iowa, to visit Mrs. Sullivan.

Struck By Lightning

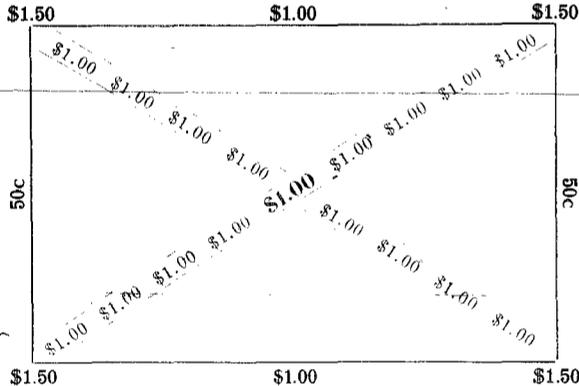
During the thunder storm Wednesday evening the chimney on the residence of S. R. Theobald was struck by lightning and a few bricks knocked from the top thereof. No other damage appears to have been done beyond burning out the fuse on the light wire and leaving them in darkness.

Foot Ball Game

Trinity College vs. Wayne State Normal, Normal field, Saturday, October 10th, 3 p. m.

The Democrat for job printing.

COMING ACROSS BOTH WAYS

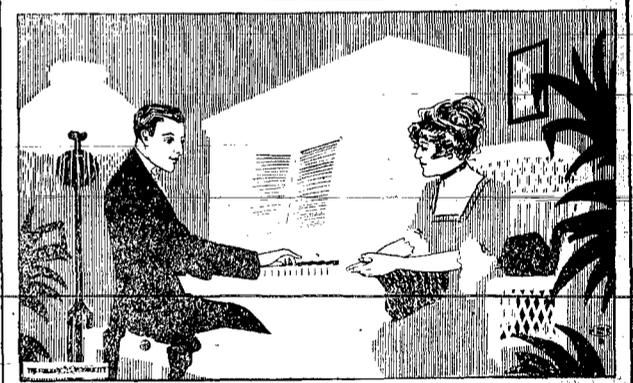


WITH THE DOLLARS

That is what the people are doing by the dozen every day since The Democrat extended the invitation for one and all—old and new subscribers—to come straight across with \$1.00 in full payment for their paper to January 1, 1916, instead of going around the square corners, the long, slow way with \$1.50, or waiting for the editor to go out with his dog and gun at a big expense for ammunition to get what he had earned, many of them are bringing it right in, and not a few are using the "parcel post" or sending the dollar by a neighbor, or even the candidates out soliciting for votes are made messengers to bring names and dollars.

We need the money—every citizen of the county needs the paper, and to supply both needs is the object of this offer. Send in the DOLLAR—it will come back—we never hoarded a dollar in our life. We put it right back into the channels of trade and some one gets it in exchange pretty soon after you let go of it.

We are going to ask our friends to tell their neighbors of this money-saving offer, and then if they will tell their friends it will start a sort of an endless chain that will spread the word to every home tributary to Wayne.



Know the piano—and the man you buy it from

It does not pay to jump haphazard in the matter of selecting a piano—you have too much at stake, money and future satisfaction.

We guarantee every instrument we sell

We sell the very best pianos made in the world, at as low or lower prices than you can procure similar instruments for elsewhere—and upon terms to suit your convenience....

JONES' Bookstore

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Miss Helen Ludwickson went to visit relatives at Sholes Friday night.

Forrest L. Hughes was a Carroll visitor over Sunday, going up Saturday evening.

Mrs. E. Pawley from Pender was here last week, a guest at the home of A. D. Erickson and wife.

Mrs. Peterson was here from Winside Saturday visiting her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Riese.

Remember the date of V. L. Dayton's sale of Duroc Jersey boars—Saturday, October 24th.—38tf.

Mrs. M. Bernard of Sioux City was here last week visiting at the home of John Ludwickson and wife.

T. L. Blair and wife of Emerson spent Sunday at Wayne, visiting at the home of their daughter, Mrs. C. Gage.

Keep your powder dry in war, but take care of your seed corn if farming. The latter is the more important.

Miss Ethel Paterson went to Omaha Monday to visit a week with her aunt and attend the Ak-Sar-Ben festivities.

Robert Pritchard of Carroll went to Herman Saturday to attend a sale of Duroc Jersey hogs. He purchased two hogs.

Mrs. W. C. Martin went to visit at Oakland last week, and this week is planning to go on to Omaha and attend some of the festivities.

The daily papers are about out of headlines telling the same story of two great armies facing each other for 25 days. It is the same story in different form each day.

Irvin Sala has resigned from the depot force at this place and accepted a school teaching job, going last week to begin school at Meadville, an inland town not far from Ainsworth.

Chas. Rubeck, who moved to Minnesota about 18 months ago, has moved back to Wayne, and will go onto his farm near town in the spring. He is now living in the west part of town.

Mrs. Crosser and her daughter, Miss Stella, who attended normal here last year were here Friday on their way to Omaha. Miss Stella is now teaching near home, having a school with 18 pupils.

Constipation, indigestion, drive away appetite and make you weak and sick. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea restores the appetite, drives away disease, builds up the system. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. At Felber's.—adv.-0.

Burr Cunningham and wife from Bloomfield were here Friday on their way to visit relatives and attend the great Nebraska (spelled backward) show. Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham long lived at Wayne, and have many friends here.

Henry W. Bartels, wife and daughter from east of Wayne returned Monday morning from a visit with relatives at Bloomfield. Mr. Bartels says that he saw the first frost that morning, in some of the low places about Wausa.

H. J. Worth of Minatare was here last week visiting his sister, Mrs. Bonawitz, and other acquaintances. Himself and family moved to Scotts Bluffs county last winter, and while it seems a little dry there, it is said that they like it very well in their new home.

The Democratic Text-Book for 1914 is out, and every citizen should have a copy, and the price is only 25 cents. It shows what many people, regardless of politics, think of the manner in which the affairs of the nation are being conducted. In fact, it appears to us that there is nothing but politics, pure and simple, in the feeble effort that is being made to discredit the good work done for all of the people at Washington. But get the book. It is a little book full of big facts.

Tonight may be your last chance to see "Uncle Tom's Cabin" played. To be sure this great play will go on forever—and a day, but you may not always stay.

I am now ready to give instructions in piano, harmony, history and all theoretical branches. My studio adjoins Dr. Cleveland's office and any one interested in music is requested to call. Miss Grace Wattles.—adv. 36-tf.

Saturday, the 17th, L. M. Rogers is going to give some one a chance to purchase his neat cottage property, which is right close in. It is to go to the highest bidder. You will find a description of the property in his advertisement elsewhere in the paper.

The "Protective Tariff Cyclopaedia" in abridged form has just been issued by The American Protective Tariff League, New York. The volume as issued consists of the Underwood and Payne-Aldrich Tariff Laws carefully compared, giving every rate of duty in both laws and completely indexed. The book consists of one hundred and sixty pages. Price postpaid, One Dollar (\$1.00). Ask for Document No. 33. Address W. F. Wakeman, Sec. 389 Broadway, New York.

Nebraska pioneers from every part of the state attended the annual reunion of the Nebraska Association in Omaha last week. Beginning on Wednesday the old times began making their appearance and by Friday a record membership had been established. The reproduction of the first inaugural reception in Nebraska was the medium of most activity and unusual interest was shown in this feature of the program. The delegates were entertained at various places, a luncheon, with the Cudahy Packing Company as hosts, being one of the pleasing incidents of the reunion.

V. L. Dayton made a trip to Tecumseh, to see the Grand Champion boar of Nebraska sold, but his owners had the misfortune to loose the hog just before the sale. Mr. Dayton purchased four head, a sow sired by Grand Model, the 1914 Grand Champion boar of Iowa, and bred to Echoes Crimson Wonder the 1914 Grand Champion of Nebraska. A young boar by I Am Golden Model 2nd and out of Ohio Queen, who has produced two grand champions, High Model, Mr. W. N. Shank's \$730.00 boar being one of them. The other two boars were richly bred animals, one of them out of a Col. Gano sow, the other out of a full sister to the Grand Champion sow of Nebraska 1910, that sold for \$705.00.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilson from Long Beach, California, came Thursday from Illinois, where they had been visiting relatives, to visit at the home of S. W. Dayton and wife, they having been schoolboys together. Mr. Wilson tells us that he came to Nebraska in 1879, settling west of Lincoln when it was a new country there. He sold his Nebraska home more than 20 years ago on account of ill health, moved to his present home where he has enjoyed good health and been able to continue to do a man's work. From the fact that he wears the bronze button of the G. A. R. one knows that he participated in the war of a half century ago, consequently must have seen pioneer days in Illinois, and later in this state, and later went to his present home in time to see what is now a city of nearly 20,000 people when it was in its infancy—and when good corners were selling there at less than \$200 the lot, and are now valued at one hundred times that sum. Mr. Wilson is not yet an old man, but he has seen most marvelous changes in at least three sections of the country since he came to earth. They left Monday morning to visit at Lincoln and Denver on their way home.

Duroc-Jersey Boars For Sale

I have four good thoroughbred young Duroc-Jersey boars for sale at the dairy farm, at a bargain price. A. P. GOSSARD, Wayne, Nebr. 40-tf.

Peace Sunday Service at the Presbyterian Church

In accordance with the proclamation of President Woodrow Wilson a special Peace Service was held at the Presbyterian church last Sunday evening, the pastor delivering a sermon in the interest of International Peace.

Taking for his text, Romans 14:19, "Let us follow after the things which make for-peace", Dr. Corkey began his discourse by reading the President's proclamation in which Pres. Wilson called on all "Godfearing" citizens to observe peace Sunday by special services in the interests of peace, and in which he pointed out that it was both "the privilege and duty" of Americans at this critical time to ask the help of Almighty God.

After declaring that America had always been a peace-loving nation, and had never gloried in military exploits, the preacher set forth the things which are making for lasting peace amongst civilized men. Among these are a knowledge of what war is. The European slaughter which is stupifying humanity today tells us what a horrible barbarity war is; how criminal, how savage; how irrational. Another thing which is going to make-for-peace-in-the-world is the spread of popular government. When civilized nations abolish monarchies, as America has done, and follow the wise leadership of the United States, wars will be rare indeed. When the people rule, if there is a war, the men who get killed are the men who are responsible for the war. In Europe about twenty-four men are responsible for this war, and not one of them has been killed yet, or suffered any great financial loss. The poor subjects have been killed and maimed and impoverished, but the rulers who brought on the war keep at a safe distance from danger. If it had been necessary for the twenty-four men causing the war in Europe to give up their lives and property before any one else lost life or property in the struggle, the war would never have begun, not in a thousand years.

Another thing that makes for peace is a true philosophy of national prosperity. This teaches men that nations are prospered by sister nations becoming prosperous, as the whole human race is one vast society, and every nation is ordained of God to contribute to the general welfare. Humanity is one organic whole, and like the human body when one part suffers the whole race suffers.

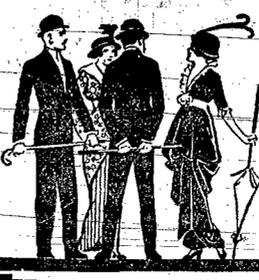
At this point Dr. Corkey gave illustrations of the hardships which the war is working in this country by interfering with international commerce, and dislocating trade. Co-operation and mutual good-will are in harmony with the best interests of every nation on earth.

Prayer to Almighty God, as requested by President Wilson, was stated to be most effective of all in making for peace. When men fall on their knees and say "Our Father" they feel their kinship with all other men, and realize the brotherhood of humanity. Prayer stills the tumult of lust and hatred in the soul, and Christian prayer makes the spirit of war loathsome. When God's people pray God hears and answers in His own way, and continued prayer for lasting peace is now our privilege and duty as Christian people.

In concluding the preacher said "The Gospel of Jesus Christ is the only real effective means of abolishing war amongst men. The gospel alone promotes these things which work effectually for peace. The gospel changes men's hearts so that the barbarism of war becomes intolerable. It changes institutions of government and promotes everywhere the overthrow of autocracy and monarchy, and encourages "government of the people, by the people, and for the people." The gospel causes men to have the true philosophy of life and of society, and makes human brotherhood a fact. It alone can teach us how to pray as christians, and it is only the christian prayer which God can hear. In the thunders of war and the booming of cannon God is calling the world to the Cross of Christ, and war's message is "Acquaint now thyself with God and be at peace; thereby good shall come to thee."

Rural Credits

Rumor says that Garret Folken withdrew from the race for senator because he found that the people were not with him when they found his stand on rural credits. We would that more of the candidates would do as Folken did in telling plainly where and for what he stands. But speaking of rural credits, says the Norfolk Press, we do not think that congress will enact any rural credit laws at this session. It is interesting to note however how the idea is growing. In fact the movement is on at this time for supplying credit to the agriculture interests under the laws



Styleplus Clothes \$17

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

"The same price the world over."

Everybody Looking and Talking Styleplus From Maine To California

This is Styleplus Week. See the big two page advertisement in the Saturday Evening Post. See our Windows.

Take advantage of your invitation to see these famous clothes of style plus quality at a medium price.

This is the Styleplus Store here. Drop in and look. No urging to buy. Know for yourself what one of the great makers has accomplished by specializing on one suit and overcoat to sell the world over for only \$17.

GAMBLE & SENTER

as they are. The American Rural Credits association is organized under the laws of Maryland. The plan follows very closely those of Europe. If it is proposed to make long loans at five per cent. The average rate paid by farmers at the present time, including renewals and commissions, is estimated at 8 1/2 per cent. The profit of such a concern lies in investing the yearly payment on loans. If a man borrows \$1,000 for say twenty-one years, and pays \$80 annually, \$30 of that payment is on the principal and \$50 for interest the first year. That \$30 is re-invested year after year and the income from that is the profits of the company. The interest grows less year by year until the last year the borrower has only 40 cents to pay, the remainder of the \$80 being applied on principal. That is what is called "amortization". It is in that principle that lies the possibility of five per cent money for the American farmer and at the same time the accumulation of an immense amount of loanable capital. France has been following it for a hundred years, and France always has any amount of money to loan to foreign states or corporations.

Ownership of Wayne County Homes

The United States census department at Washington has just issued a bulletin dealing with the ownership of Wayne county homes. The important facts contained in the bulletin relative to this country are as follows:

There are 2197 homes in Wayne county.

FARM HOMES

Of this number 1341 are farm homes. 325 of the farm homes are owned by their occupants and are free of mortgaged incumbrance. The mortgaged farm homes number 348. Renters occupy 654 farm homes in this county.

URBAN HOMES.

Out of a total of 2197 homes in the county 856 are urban homes. There are 486 urban home owners in the county. Of this number 87 are mortgaged. 392 of the urban owned homes are free of incumbrance. There are 315 rented urban homes in the county.

The census enumerators were unable to secure data pertaining to the ownership of a small percentage of both the rural and urban homes in this county.

I. P. Lowrey

Factory repair man and piano tuner, at the G. & B. store. Phone 62.—Adv.

"Like a Home in Florida"

FAVORITE BASE BURNERS

FOR WINTER COMFORT

It's all in the flues

"Finest Heating Stove in the World"

We Can Save You Hundreds of DOLLARS on Coal Bills

We can do it with a Favorite Base Burner. The favorite will save at least two tons of coal every year it is in use. Two tons of hard coal cost, say \$22.00. If properly taken care of, the Favorite will last at least 25 years. Twenty-five times \$22.00 makes \$550.00, saved in fuel. Perfectly clear, isn't it, and more than that, perfectly true. Now what are you going to do? Buy a stove at half the price of a Favorite and then turn around and pay the difference to the coal man the first winter, or buy a Favorite and save that \$22.00 every year, besides carrying two tons less coal into your house and half the ashes-out again, to say nothing of the heat-comfort and satisfaction in using a good article. It is up to you. Ask the people who use Favorites if these statements are true.

Carhart Hardware

State Bank of Wayne

—WAYNE, NEBRASKA—

This bank is your bank. This bank is for your accommodation. This bank does all kind of banking business. This bank sells drafts to all parts of United States. This bank sells steamship tickets on any line. This bank sells foreign drafts to any part of the world. This bank pays interest on time deposits. This bank writes farm loans. This bank invites you to be one of our customers. This bank promises to treat you right.

HENRY LEY, Pres. C. A. CHACE, Vice-Pres.
 ROLLIE LEY, Cashier. H. LUNDBERG, Asst. Cash.

C. H. Hendrickson

FOR

County Attorney

I graduated from the law department of the University of the state of Nebraska in June 1906, have been actively engaged in the practice of law ever since. If elected to the office of County Attorney of Wayne County, I shall faithfully and conscientiously attend to the duties of the office, and so far as in my power give the taxpayers an economic and business like administration.

POLITICAL ADVERTISING

Causes of European War

(At the request of numerous friends, Rev. Rudolph Moehring has contributed the following article on the causes of the present war in Europe. Mr. Moehring came from Germany six years ago, and has kept in close touch with the politics of the old world, and especially of Germany and the reading of his views will give one a much clearer view of a tangled condition of affairs than could otherwise be obtained. Although a German who might be expected to have leanings that way the article is so written that it in no manner infringes upon the request of the president for all to remain neutral.—Ed.)

A general European war seemed unavoidable to everyone who closely studied European conditions, the aspirations of the different European nations, the development of their commerce, and their politics for the past 30 years. Yet to the average American—European immigrants excluded—the outbreak of this most terrible conflict came as a surprise. However, every one of us, not only the politicians, or the student of history and sociology, but nearly every citizen of the United States, is with unusual interest seeking for a satisfactory answer to the question: "Who or what has been the cause of this war?"

Trying to form a correct opinion, we are confronted with several difficulties.

(a) Blood ties influence our views. We are inclined to listen to the voice of race prejudice. The one of English descent sympathizes with Great Britain. The German-American sympathizes with Germany. Especially those whose brothers are now sacrificing their blood for the existence of their race and country, taking the side of their native land.

(b) Besides this we have to concede that the sources of our information are of doubtful character. Blunders in history and geography are to be found in well known papers. Conditions which once prevailed in Europe are criticized as now existing. We need not always blame the newspapers for it, as they themselves derive their knowledge from other sources. That the censor and bureau of news-inventors make it impossible to our newspapers to state the entire truth, needs but be mentioned. Hence the presentation of facts, and their interpretation, are often based on wrong information. It also is to be considered that on account of our language we unfortunately hear the arguments of but one side forgetting the weighty arguments of the party on the other side.

(c) There is yet another difficulty confronting the average American in forming a correct opinion on the European complication. No German denies that it takes a long time until the immigrant has entered the spirit of our nation and understands our American ways of feeling, thinking and doing. Hence the American needs not be surprised to meet with many things in Europe difficult to understand (government, militarism, etc). Interesting as this subject is, space does not permit us to enlarge upon it. The few statements may suffice to point out the difficulties confronting everyone who seeks to form a correct opinion on the present European war.

Wrong information and difficulty to understand European conditions led people to assert the crowned heads to be the criminals who are to be blamed for this war, the war being but a family feud among autocrats. Permit me to state that among the warring nations, there is but ONE autocrat—the Czar of Russia. The king of England has no power to declare war and the emperor of Germany

in many respects has less freedom to act as he pleases than our president. He cannot declare war without the permission of the Bundesrat, the body of 56 delegates representing the different states of Germany of which Russia has but 17 votes. Besides the permission of the Bundesrat, the government has to ask the Reichstag for the necessary money to carry on the war. The Reichstag consists of 397 delegates, of which the military party has but 56 representatives. Yet the people have sent to the Reichstag 100 representatives of the liberal party and 110 representatives of the social democrats. If these 210 men—especially the social democrats who are antagonistic to the present government and to militarism—feel it their duty to unanimously allow every assistance; they are convinced that the government and the Kaiser have made every possible effort for maintaining peace. If the crowned heads were to be blamed for this war, we would not find a Republic among the warring nations, which has been always ready to take up arms against Germany. Although I suppose Russian military leaders having influenced the Czar, I claim that the real cause of this war is not militarism itself, as militarism of the leading nations is nowadays but an expressed sentiment of the majority of the people (it might be different in Russia); the representatives of the people granting the necessary support for army and navy. Yet there is a reason for action and this reason as we in the following lines shall prove, is responsible for the war. It may be of interest to add the expenses of the leading nations for military purposes in the year 1913-14. England spent \$448,440,000; Russia \$440,300,000, France \$312,000,000; Germany but \$295,000,000 and Austria-Hungary \$124,300,000. Expenses for fortification being considerably high in France, are excluded in these amounts. (The United States intend to spend for the same purpose in the year 1914 the amount of \$241,302,564.91; for the Pension fund \$180,300,000 and for the state militia \$5,000,000.)

But who or what has caused this dreadful war? To state the problem more clearly, let me give the question another reading. Who or what has caused enemies to unite against Germany? Why has western culture joined hands with eastern barbarism in order to humiliate one of the leading nations? We see the republic of France fighting on the side of Russian autocracy; French desire for individual liberty is in alliance with the barbarous kout of Russia. England which often has crossed Russian Mediterranean and Asiatic policy, sacrifices her blood for her opponent. And Japan assists her enemy, the Russian bear. It would be more natural if England and Germany would unite against Russia who is now powerfully pressing towards the west endangering the power of Europe's western nations. Yet these great powers consider Germany their common enemy. Why?

Russia always desired an open road to the Mediterranean sea. In times of war the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus is closed by Turkey, and Russia's Baltic fleet bottled up by German battleships in the Baltic sea, Russia has but one other outlet—far away—in the east to the Pacific ocean. Every one looking up the map understands this difficulty confronting Russia. Hence strategical and especially commercial reasons causes Russia to strive for Constantinople or at least for an open road to the Mediterranean sea. But England's jealousy, that Russia's Mediterranean policy will outrival England in the Mediterranean sea, is not the fiercest opponent of Russian plans. The opponents more to be feared than England are Germany and Austria-Hungary. The Austria-Hungarian government sees her empire endangered by Russian pressure as some parts of Austria-Hungary are strictly slavie (Bosnia, Herzegovina, Bohemia). A slavie movement was started to unite the slaves of the Balkan, the agitation even being carried on among the slaves of Austria-Hungary. As the seat of this movement is Russia and Serbia, we understand that Russia by and by gained moral power over the Balkan, while Austria-Hungary for the sake of self existence endeavored to check it. Yet Russia's moral power became so strong that Russia was backing Serbia against Austria. If now, Austria-Hungary in fear of Russia had given up her attitude towards Serbia, if she had left the assassination of her heirduke—committed by a tool of Serbian officers and society—unpunished, Austria-Hungary would have lost the moral power even over the slaves of her own empire. By removing Austria's opposition, Russia gains the power over the Balkan necessary for carrying out her Mediterranean plans. Hence, the

gain of Russia means loss, perhaps disaster to Austria-Hungary. But as Germany being bound by treaties to Austria, is Austria's strength, it is asserted in Russia—that "the way to Constantinople leads via Berlin". Russia hopes that after an elimination of Germany's power, she can easily settle the question with England.

France always longed for revenge. Her desire is to regain Alsace-Lorraine ceded by her to Germany in 1871 (this country was first taken away from Germany by Napoleon I. about 100 years ago). Besides this she desires for strategical reasons the left part of the Rhine. Revenge and to gain power over Germany is the main purpose of her alliance with Russia.

England always jealous of Germany's commercial progress and prosperity, fears to be outrivalled by German trade and growing power. Fear that her pride "to be the Lord of the Sea" be humiliated by Germany, causes England to fight on the side of Russia, to whose Mediterranean and Asiatic policy she never can agree.

The Germans knew the Anti-German sentiment among her neighbors. To be one of the leading nations is the ambition of the Germans. Their tendency is to scrupulously guard possession against enemies. Germany compelled France to give up Alsace-Lorraine in order to have a more favorable position for defence. To guard their possession against enemies, the Germans with less money have built up a stronger army than her neighbors. The German army compared with the allied forces, is numerically weaker, but stronger in their soldiers patriotism and their discipline. To guard their fatherland against an invasion of enemies, two million volunteers took up arms and two other millions are but waiting to be called to the flag.

Who or what is the cause of this terrible bloodshed. Let me summarize the views given in the preceding lines. The war was caused by

(a) Russia's Mediterranean policy.

(b) French desires for revenge.

(c) England's jealousy of German progress and her fear of being outrivalled by Germany.

(d) Austria-Hungary's fear of being annihilated by Russia.

(e) The German ambition to make progress and the German tendency to scrupulously guard possessions against enemies.

If the warring nations had not been plunged into this terrible bloodshed now, we would have to see the same deplorable war some time later. The causes of this war prove it to have been unavoidable.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Etc.

of the Nebraska Democrat, published weekly at Wayne, Nebraska, required by the Act of August 24, 1912.

Editor, E. O. Gardner, Wayne, Nebraska.

Managing editors, E. O. Gardner and G. A. Wade, Wayne, Nebraska.

Business Managers, E. O. Gardner and G. A. Wade, Wayne, Nebraska.

Publishers, Gardner & Wade, Wayne, Nebraska.

Owners, E. O. Gardner and G. A. Wade, Wayne, Nebraska.

Known bondholders, mortgages, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities, Mrs. Nellie Gardner, Kennewick, Washington.

E. O. GARDNER, Editor.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of October, 1914.

(Seal) P. H. KOHL, Notary Public.

Uses of Silver.

The largest single use for silver, outside of the manufacture of silver plated ware, is estimated to be in the manufacture of photographic plates, films and paper. The manufacture of films for moving picture use has now become an enormous business, and it is probable that in the future this will bring the largest consumption of silver. The silver is used in photography for making the light sensitive emulsion and is principally the bromide of silver.

Photographing Stars.

Star photography is one of the most tedious operations known. In some cases the exposure of the plate must last for several hours. During all this time both the plate and telescope must be moved so that the image of the star will be stationary on the plate. The exposure for a star of the sixteenth magnitude is two hours, and only the image of one at a time can be secured, unless these adjoining happen to be of the same size.

Hans Andersen's Great Fear.

Hans Andersen, the great Danish writer, was an excessively nervous man, and he had a very great fear of being buried alive. So great was this dread that every night when he went to bed he would place by his bedside a large piece of paper on which was written, "I am only apparently dead."

Wayne Home AT AUCTION

I will sell at Public Auction on **Saturday, Oct. 17** my residence property in Wayne, situated one block from post office. Sale will commence at 2:30 p. m.

DESCRIPTION:

The house is a 6-room cottage, all in first-class repair, with east front. Has electric lights, city water and cistern; good cellar, coal house, chicken house and yard. Plenty of fruit and shade trees. Cement walks in front and substantial board walks in rear. Site comprises a lot and a half, being 75x150 feet. Convenient to business district; excellent neighborhood.

This is very desirable property and will be in demand.

TERMS: CASH

L. M. RODGERS

E. & D. H. Cunningham, Auctioneers H. S. Ringland, Clerk

INSULTING THE FLAG.

One Thing About Which Every Nation Is Extremely Sensitive.

There is nothing about which civilized nations are quite so sensitive as the courtesy due to their national flags. A deliberate insult to a flag will bring even the most patient of nations to boiling point. Flag incidents always lead to strained relations and often to war.

How seriously nations take these things is shown by the suddenness with which a war cloud loomed up when Huerta, the Mexican dictator, quibbled about snuffing the American flag after his officers had illegally arrested United States marines.

It was a flag incident that renewed the Balkan war after Turkey had been successfully crushed by the three allies. There was strong ill feeling among the allies as to the division of the spoils. A small Servian party crossed the Bulgarian border and was quietly looting a village near Vratza, when the local postmaster hoisted the red, green and white Bulgarian flag over the postoffice. He was shot in the act and the flag riddled with bullets. Next morning Bulgaria declared war.

Flag incidents keep cropping up accidentally, but apologies smooth matters over. It is, for instance, a mortal insult for a ship to fly another national flag below its own, as this implies capture and conquest. It has occasionally been done with flags on gala occasions. A Russian warship did it some years ago during a call at Portsmouth. It was, of course, followed by a complete apology to the local admiral.

This explains why, when the British admiralty issued a universal code of signals some years ago for use by all the nations, there was a good deal of international heartburning over the colored plate of national flags that prefaced it. The union jack, naturally, came first. Diplomatic relations, particularly with Germany, were rather strained for some time, though there was no danger of war. It was realized that alphabetical order was impossible, as many nations spell each other's names differently. Britain, for example, would count Germany among the G's, while Germany calls itself Deutschland, among the D's.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Too Much of It.

Greene—How does it happen that you don't trade at Cleaver's any more? You used to brag about the nice cuts of meat he always sent you. Is it because he wouldn't give you credit? Gray—On the contrary. It is because he did.—Boston Transcript.

Still Worse.

"Every man says things he is sorry for."
"Worse than that," exclaimed Mr. Mushton. "Sometimes he writes 'em."
—Washington Star.

Auctioneer...

I WISH to inform those seeking the services of an auctioneer that I have specialized in Farm and Pure Bred Live Stock and am prepared to cry your sales in a most able manner. Make your dates early. See me for terms, or phone No. 221-424, out of Wayne.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

W. H. Neely

NO FAKE WAR NEWS

—IN—

The Sioux City Journal

During the present European War you want facts—not rumors. The Sioux City Journal receives Both Day and Night reports of the most reliable news gathering organization on the face of the globe—The Associated Press. This organization has its staff men in all the capitals of Europe. Its chief concern is to send facts,—not rumors. It seeks to make certain that its dispatches are authentic before they are placed on the wires.

The desire of The Journal at all times is to give its readers the facts—not to mislead them with false, distressing and unconfirmed reports—and it will adhere to that policy during the present course of events in Europe.

The Journal, in receiving both Day and Night Associated Press Reports, gives its readers twenty-four hour service. In publishing Morning, Evening and Sunday Editions, The Journal is prepared to give a service that cannot be equalled by any other newspaper in this section.

THE SIOUX CITY JOURNAL
Morning Evening Sunday

SIOUX CITY, IOWA

Have You Paid Your Subscription



It Floats!

So it does! Guess it must be that "Fairy Soap" you read about in all the papers.

We Sell Toilet Soap

and have all the popular, well-known brands, always fresh and ready for use. Don't buy what you don't want.

Special Lot of Drug Sundries

Model Pharmacy

A. G. Adams, Prop.



pearly teeth

REXALL
Pearl Tooth Powder
and
REXALL
Pearl Tooth Paste

- Clean, white, beautiful teeth
- Set in firm, healthy, rosy gums
- Add beauty to the loveliest faces
- Save many dental pains and bills

Watch Our Window
for this week only



Feeders Coming Here

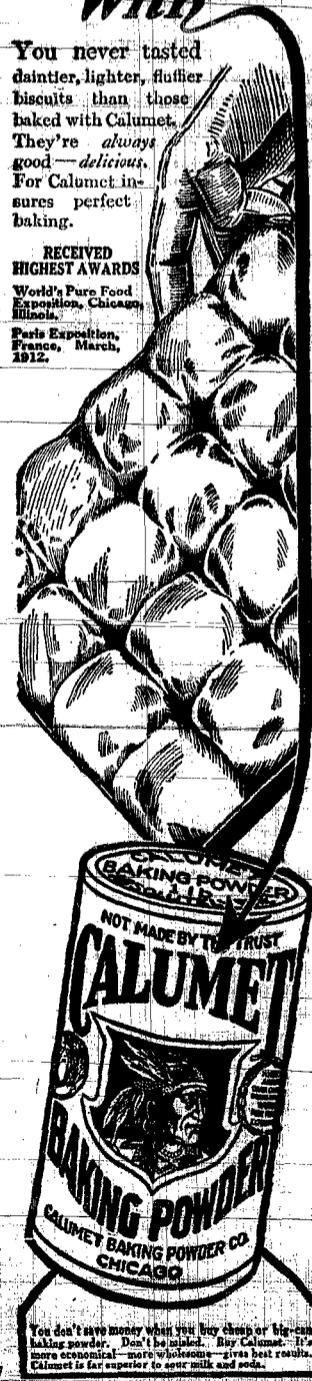
Last week John Shannon returned from the western part of the state with nine car loads of feeders for farmers here and at Carroll. Ted Perry will feed 140 head from the lot, Otto Flier 30 head, Nels Herman 20, and Henry Peterson and J. Harmier of Carroll 40 and 30 head respectively. These cattle were up to the standard of stock which Mr. Shannon brings in here.

Better Biscuits Baked

With

You never tasted daintier, lighter, fluffier biscuits than those baked with Calumet. They're always good—delicious. For Calumet insures perfect baking.

RECEIVED
HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food
Exposition, Chicago,
Illinois.
Paris Exposition,
France, March,
1912.



LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Mrs. Wm. Orr was a visitor at Norfolk Tuesday.

Godfrey Larson and wife of Carroll were here Saturday.

F. S. Berry is at Springview on legal business this week.

Mrs. Shroer of Norfolk spent last week with Wayne friends.

R. A. McEachen went to Carroll Tuesday on a business mission.

J. M. Roberts and wife were visitors at Sioux City Tuesday.

Mrs. Albert Jones and Miss Hay went to Omaha Wednesday morning.

Nick Hansen and his daughter, Miss Camilla, were at Omaha last week.

F. W. Vahkamp left Monday to visit and look after business matters at Keystone.

Miss Iva Sala was home from Randolph over Sunday, near which place she is teaching.

Bunt Fleetwood has been on the sick list this week, as the result of strain from overlifting.

F. O. Gamble went to Omaha Tuesday to visit home relatives and take in the Ak-Sar-Ben.

Geo. Buck, John Rosaker and Claus Kuhl of Carroll are taking in the sights at Omaha this week.

Fred Benschopf and E. L. Jones went to Norman county, Minnesota, this week looking at land.

John Rosacker and daughter were down from Carroll Monday to visit at the home of Mr. Rohrer, that lady being quite ill.

E. Henderson is home from a visit with his brother at Marshall, Minnesota. He reports fairly good crop prospects there.

Ora Horne of Gretna returned home Wednesday following a short visit at the home of his brother, John Horne near Carroll.

Mrs. A. B. Dixon returned to her home at Lincoln Monday, following a visit at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Fred Blair.

An experienced dining room girl wanted at the Calumet: Good wages paid to right girl. Apply at once. A. G. Bohnert.—adv.

Mrs. John Rippon, who has been visiting at her old home at Slayton, Minnesota, for several weeks, returned home Saturday evening.

S. D. Relyea and family autoed to Sioux City Saturday and spent Sunday there visiting at the home of their daughter. They returned Monday.

Geo. McEachen shipped in a car of feeders the first of the week, and Henry Kloppling unloaded a car of shoats to follow the cattle in his feed lots.

Miss Winifred Fleetwood left Tuesday for her vacation, and will be absent for two or three weeks visiting relatives and friends at Perry, Iowa.

Mrs. J. G. Mines went to Hebron Tuesday as a delegate from the Presbyterian church to the state meeting of the missionary interests of the Synod.

Henry Miller and wife from Wisner came Monday to visit for a short time at the home of Nick Hansen and wife. Mr. Miller is a brother to the lady.

L. A. Griffith and wife came from Council Bluffs Tuesday to visit at the home of Jas. Kelley and wife northeast of Wayne, they being Mrs. Kelley's parents.

Miss Clara Stallsmith went to Parkston, South Dakota, Monday to visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. E. Hammers. She expects to be absent two or three weeks.

Chris Hanson, who works for Ben McEachen, on the McEachen farm, had a finger taken off Monday, getting it caught in some manner in the gear of the windmill.

Mrs. L. A. Fanske and children are home from a visit at Sioux City, where her folks live. Mr. Fanske spent Sunday in Sioux City and returned home with them Monday evening.

J. Grothe, who has been here from Massachusetts visiting his brother, C. A. Grothe, left Monday to visit a week at Grand Island before leaving this state for his eastern home.

Cass Carter and wife from Lane, South Dakota, came the first of the week by automobile to visit at the home of the lady's mother, Mrs. Geo. Heady. They drove to Norfolk after their visit here.

Mrs. Littell went to Omaha Tuesday to visit her parents and also to attend the concert that evening at the auditorium, and listen to the singing of Madam Schumann-Heink, one of the greatest singers of the world.

E. W. Johnson, telegraph operator here, was at Omaha Tuesday attending a "Safety First" meeting, as the representative of the operators of this line. Mr. Logan of Wakefield handled the wire here in his absence.

Rev. Blessing is at Allen this week, going Wednesday to attend the annual sessions of the Synod of the English Evangelical Lutheran church of the state, which opened at that place yesterday and will continue over Sunday.

The W. C. T. U. met with Mrs. Kiplinger last Friday. The program consisted of papers by Mesdames Crossland, Rickabaugh and Blair, and a reading by Mrs. Laughlin. The union expects to have a speaker in Wayne before long.

Corn husking has commenced in a few fields. Although no frost has yet killed the corn, there are fields which the owners think is matured enough to crib. No one has yet reported their yield or an estimate of it since starting to husk.

Your attention is called to the display advertisement of W. H. Neely who is engaged in the auctioneer business. Mr. Neely has specialized in farm and pure bred live stock and asks a trail to prove his ability as an auctioneer along those lines.

Erick Thompson, who is farming the Chas. Rubeck farm south of Wayne is building a new house on his farm of 120 acres, which adjoins the Rubeck farm, so that he may have a place to live, when spring comes and Mr. Rubeck and family move to their own place.

L. M. Rodgers and wife started Sunday evening for Long Pine to visit relatives, but turned back from Norfolk on account of the sickness of their little child. It appeared to be a sort of sea-sickness caused by the motion of the train. After a day or two at home the child appeared well again.

Mell A. Schmied, editor of the Northeast Nebraska Eagle, of Dakota City, was a Wayne visitor Tuesday, being here in the interest of the Modern Brotherhood, an insurance organization the local lodge of which is in need of a little deputy work. Mr. Schmied has long been in this part of Nebraska and has a wide acquaintance.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Ritchie from Monmouth, Illinois, came last week to visit at the home of the lady's brother, H. F. Wilson and wife. Mr. and Mrs. Ritchie made their home at Wayne for a year about 20 years ago, and so it is not new to them here. They are journeying west, planning to spend the winter in California.

Mike Schoenebaum from Bone-steel was here last week, coming this way from Dixon, where he had purchased six head of Holstein heifers for a dairy he is starting in his home county. He drove the animals across to ship from here, and was the guest of his old neighbor, E. L. Griffith, while here arranging for shipment.

There was quite an exodus from Wayne Wednesday morning for Omaha to attend the festivities of the Ak-Sar-Ben. Among them we noticed Wm. Morgan and wife, H. S. Theobald and wife, Dr. T. T. Jones and wife, Miss Swanson, Chas Craven and wife, Messrs. G. F. Hofeldt, Wm. Sals, H. Hendricks, W. E. Winterringer and others.

G. Garwood and wife were here from Carroll Monday. Mr. Garwood is much interested in the county campaign as every citizen should be. He is a democrat, and hopes to see his fellow democrats come to the polls on November 3d and cast a vote of approval of the administration at Washington as well as for the state and county nominees. Maine has cast a vote of approval of this administration and Nebraska democrats should do no less. It is not the proper time to remain at home.

Duncan McMillen of Bloomfield was at this place Tuesday for a few hours, while on his way to the western part of the state. He had but a week ago returned from a visit in his native Scotland where he went before the late trouble broke loose. While not so seriously inconvenienced by the war where he was in Scotland, it closed things down in a business way, and when he wanted to come home he was delayed nearly a month before he could secure passage. The mines planted in the North Sea made travel over its waters very dangerous, and he was glad indeed to see land on this side of the pond when he finally secured passage. He left Scotland when but a lad, is now a man of about 35 years, and it had been his opinion that he would want to again live in his boyhood home, but this visit had dispelled that idea even before the war came, and that added to his desire to again be at home in Bloomfield.

Wm. Lou and Herman Krempke returned Monday from a week spent in visiting relatives and friends in several of the surrounding counties. They were in Stanton, Pierce and Madison county, and rounded up a week of pleasure of the Lous, Wiesches, Kiepe, Kohlho and others. Mr. Lou will remember it as one of the big weeks of his life.

The Juvenile music club held its first regular meeting for election of officers Saturday afternoon. They elected the following: Mrs. House, president; Eloise Miner, vice president; Alice Blair, secretary; Joe Ringland, treasurer; with the following committees: Membership committee, Dwight McVicker and Saunell Senter. Program committee, Winifred Main.

Charley Webb, an old time resident of Wayne county, has served his term of enlistment in the Navy and is staying out at Ek Mattingly's where he expects to work this winter. We are glad to note that he has been promoted to quartermaster. He likes the work and speaks very highly of it. He enlisted in September 1910. He has a four months vacation with pay should he return. Four years ago he started from Omaha for San Francisco. The route from San Francisco was interesting and instructive. The universal language in all his travels was English. Manilla was his first stop, then Shanghai, Yokohama, Japan, and from there near Salaria, Valdivostok in Manchuri, and from there to Australia, Barnes, Guama, and Formosa. He also spent some time at Hawaii. On his return to the United States he landed at the docks in Washington and at Seattle took the Milwaukee train for Omaha. He thinks these four years were well spent.—Randolph Times.

Good Farming Pays

The Democrat's "Farm Editor" was out nosing for items last week and met August Loberg, who owns two good farms near Carroll and proceeded to find out one of the secrets of his success. He seemed a little reluctant to tell, but news was scarce and we knew it was there if it could be gotten out. We first learned that he had just finished threshing, and so asked about yields, and was assured that they were pretty good.

The thresher found 2,750 bushels of oats in the straw, 850 bushels of barley (nothing said about wheat), 200 bushels of timothy seed and 440 bushels of cane seed.

Here was something new to us, and by careful inquiry we learned that Mr. Loberg had been experimenting for several years with cane crops, well knowing that it was a valuable crop for feed, and especially desirable if the season prove dry. One of the problems he was trying to solve during the past few years was to so plant the cane as to get a good crop and be able to harvest it with least work, for it is a bunglesome crop to put up if handled as hay for which it is used. First he attended a sale and purchased an old corn drill. This he adjusted so as to have it plant the rows just 28 inches apart instead of the width of corn rows, he having previously figured out how he wanted them and why. He drilled the seed in rather thick about the middle of May, planting an odd corner of about six acres which did not appear to bring good returns with some other crops, although the ground was rich. When the cane came up it was cultivated once to give it a good start of the weeds, which it soon smothered out between the narrow rows. During the latter part of August it was ready to harvest, a rank crop as high or higher than a man's head, and well loaded with seed and foliage. Planted as it was, he could cut it with the corn binder, and soon had it in bundles of convenient size for stacking. It was shocked and stacked the same as grain, and from the small piece they took 25 big loads, which after being cured, made according to his estimate, more than 25 tons of the best of fodder besides the 440 bushels of seed.

One difficulty in growing cane for feed has been the trouble in handling it at harvest time. We believe that Mr. Loberg has hit upon a plan which will simplify the harvesting, by being able to so plant as to secure a good yield have it in and good shape for stacking and threshing.

The East vs. The West

Representatives of the two sides of Main street met Monday afternoon on the diamond to battle for the championship of the place for another year. There was one Sunday game, played this season at which there was a larger attendance and greater gate receipts. The game last five innings before the opposing teams were satisfied, and the score was 6 to 7 in favor of the west side when all appeared to collapse. The gate money is to go to start a "Goodfellow" fund, and it has a very fine start.

SEE Hanssen Bros. FOR

Choice Farms in Wayne and Adjoining Counties, Western Nebraska, Colorado and Minnesota.

AGENCY OF

The Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York, established 1842 which will stand for investigation for old line insurance.

The Old Line Accident Insurance Co., of Lincoln, Nebr., which pays for total and partial disability on all accidents and sickness.

Hartford Fire Insurance Co., Farm Department, for anything insurable—Buildings, Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Grain and Automobiles. Will adjust all claims satisfactory.

Hanssen Bros.

Phones 263 20 Office over Citizens' Nat'l Bank

...The...

New Rayo

\$2.00

Burns Kerosene
Makes A Big Light

Carhart Hardware

the War Is Settled

ON FLOUR

981 Men Have come to the Feed Mill with blood in their eyes, but when they have tried a sack of Our Flour they come back with a smile and say, "You settled the war." Just try a sack if you are in doubt about it.

J. L. Payne

Buy A Farm

Why Pay High Rent?

We have three farms at \$100 per acre
Several at \$110 per acre
and others ranging in price all the way up to \$250 per acre

ALL IN WAYNE COUNTY

Mears & Johnson

A Brake on Your Expenditures

If you would put a brake on your expenditures, deposit your income in this bank, and make your payments by check.

This will establish the habit of thinking twice before spending; if you have a bank account you will be greatly interested in seeing your deposits GROW.

The best way to get ahead in the world is to have a bank account, and cultivate a growing balance.

This bank offers you the opportunity.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Oldest bank in Wayne county

Capital.....\$75,000.00
Surplus.....\$20,000.00

Frank E. Strahan, President. John T. Bressler, Vice-President.
H. F. Wilson, Vice-president
H. S. Ringland, Cashier. B. F. Strahan, Assist. Cashier.

Order Your Hard Coal Now!

I handle nothing but the best grades of domestic and threshing coal. Threshing Coal just arrived.

HAUL ME YOUR GRAIN

Phone 83 **Marcus Kroger**Wayne

Up with the lamp that triples your light.



Down with Wasteful Carbon Lamps

Get more candle power at one-third the cost for current. You can make a big change in your home lighting at a constant saving with

MAZDA LAMPS

Buy them by the Carton. Put in a full equipment. Save money all over the house and enjoy the increase in light that costs you less.



H. B. Craven
...Hardware...

FREE FREE



Memoirs of Napoleon

In Three Volumes

This man caused the last general European war.

His personal memoirs, written by his secretary, Baron De Meneval, are full of the most absorbing incidents, especially in view of the present great European struggle.

Just a hundred years ago, his ambitions harbored the continent in a sea of blood. France alone, under his leadership, fought Germany, Russia, Austria, Italy, and Great Britain.

Get these Memoirs Free

By special arrangement with the publishers of COLLIER'S, The National Weekly, we are entitled to offer a limited number of these three-volume sets of the Memoirs of Napoleon free with a year's subscription to Collier's and this paper. The offer is strictly limited to get advantage of it you must act promptly.

Sherlock Holmes Stories
Exclusively in Collier's

The latest Sherlock Holmes stories published in 1915 will be printed exclusively in Collier's. The "Last of the Great Detectives" makes up the past year's best of the series.

Special Offer to our Readers

Your own home paper and COLLIER'S, The National Weekly, together with the three volumes of the Memoirs of Napoleon, will be yours for the price of \$2.00. This offer is strictly limited to get advantage of it you must act promptly.

COLLIER'S \$2.50
The Nebraska Democrat - \$1.50

GERMOZONE'S Big Value
Is not so much in its great efficiency as a remedy for roup, canker, chicken pox and other diseases of poultry, but in its greatest bowel regulator in the world for either poultry or stock (including pet stock), counteracting, especially, bowel troubles due to insect infestation and improper food. With man, cows or animals, regular bowels means health. Contains irregularities, difficult to cure if not fatal. Germozone gives Germozone regularly twice a week to chickens, young and old, at the same time having it ever handy as a ready remedy for other diseases. Sold by dealers or postpaid. One size only, 50 cents.

For sale by H. J. FELBER

Old papers for sale at this office.

Neighborhood News

Cleaned From Democrat's Exchanges

At Pender they have a manual training class in their high school and a football team, and we notice that the football team gets the most of the newspaper notoriety.

Ben F. Robinson, formerly of Sholes, has been engaged by the Twentieth Century Farmer to furnish that paper with a series of articles on "What is the Matter With Our Rural Schools?" The first of the series appeared last week.

In Cedar county the farmer union is becoming quite strong, and they are doing some co-operative buying of such things as twine, coal and like commodities. Last week they completed a corporate organization to handle such things as they deem it wise to buy.

Rev. G. A. Munro, for ten years pastor of the Congregational church at Columbus, died September 28. Some years ago he had a leg injured severely in an accident and he had undergone six surgical operations in treatment of the injury. His death was due to that injury.

The probational officer of Cedar county is enforcing the law, and seeing that all children of the required age are getting into schools now, and proposes to make every child attend at least the time required by law. This is right. If their parents or guardians neglect them the officer should see that the children are kept at school.

Dan Cupid laughs at locksmiths and leaps lightly over the barrier of age. Wm. H. Dimick, aged 76, of Lyme, N. H., yesterday secured in Cedar county a license to wed Laura A. Churchill, aged 78, of Wynot. Old age had not dimmed the eye nor seared the heart. They will wed and live "happy ever after". County Judge Bryant was acquainted with the bridegroom indirectly years ago in New Hampshire. —Hartington Herald.

Many almost unbelievable things are happening these days. We have men who loop the loop in the air flying machines, a feat the birds are too wise to attempt, so far as ever has been recorded, and then we have other men who do the same flip-flop stunt in an automobile, as did three traveling salesmen near St. James last week. They were wise enough to let themselves be thrown out as the car went over, else there might be mourning in the house of their friends.

One of the practical social events in Madison county last week was seed corn picnic, which was attended by about 200 people at the farm of George Berry and wife north of Battle Creek. The Enterprise says all profited by the talks and demonstrations made by Prof. T. A. Kieselbach, Prof. Erwin Hopt and the Misses Huldah Peterson and Mary Rohkar of the University of Nebraska. Comparisons were made in the yield of eighty-four rows of corn planted last spring, the seed being selected from what farmers thought to be their highest yielding ears. This was a feature in which all took great interest. Lack of moisture at the time the corn was maturing made this experiment a little unsatisfactory but the demonstration was of inestimable value nevertheless.

Progressive Nominations

At the Nebraska primaries on August 18 Laurie J. Quinby of Omaha received the democratic nomination for state senator. In the city of Omaha he was "high man." His statement of principles during the campaign was as follows:

- I am for justice in taxation—A tax is a fine.
- Therefore—
- Tax privilege—not enterprise.
- Tax indolence—not industry.
- Tax the source of the speculator's profits—not the home.
- Tax franchises—not personal property.
- Tax unearned incomes—not household goods or tools of production.
- Tax the "Vacant lot industry"—not those who build.
- Tax nothing that labor makes, that can hide or run away, or that could or would come to Omaha.
- So long as Omaha is compelled by the laws of the state to place an annual fine on those who come here with capital to build factories, to open up industries, to establish merchantile houses and employ labor, so long will her development be checked.
- I favor a move by which these cities may adopt their own system of taxation.
- If the foregoing principles were put into effect, Omaha, South Omaha and their suburbs would become the most attractive community in America.—The Public.

"It Never Happened"

The troubles of the United States about foreign exchange seems likely to be "one of those that never happened." Exports are constantly increasing and imports decreasing. The result of that will be that large credits will be established on the other side of the ocean and the shipments of gold will cease. Another thing is beginning to have large influence. Americans are no longer spending millions abroad traveling over Europe and that has stopped a very large drain on the gold of this country. The two factors combined, will have a tendency to put the premium on exchange on the other side of the ledger within the next few months. The eight million dollars worth of canned beef just ordered will make a credit of that much on which American bankers can draw and the immense amount of grain shipments will add to it. The only unfavorable thing is the loss of a cotton market, but the people of the world must have cotton clothing and in the future will be sending here to get the cotton. So it seems probable that by the end of the next year the fear of a gold famine in the United States will be referred to as something that never happened.—World Herald.

Real Estate Transfers

- J. H. Wright, to Birdie Cross, lot 12, blk. 2, Lakes add. to Wayne \$1575.
- Frank Phillips, to Dorothy Nelson, ne 1/2 lot 5 blk 6, Craig, Hoskins, \$100.
- William H. Stageman, to Fredrick W. Utecht, se 1/4 and ne 1/4 of sw 1/4 3-2-55 east, \$30,000.
- James W. Nelson to H. H. Childs, lts. 4-5-6-7 and 8, Roosevelt Park add., bk. 1 to Wayne, \$1600.00.
- Anna M. Alspach to Hannah Alter lots 13-14-15-16-17-18-19 and 20, bk. 21, College Hill add. to Wayne, \$1,000.
- Hugh W. Edwards to Anna and Jennie Ellis, lot 9, blk. 1, Robinson's add. to Carroll, Nebraska, \$2800.00.
- Herman Doose to Herman Utecht, an undivided int. in and to the ne 1/4 30-26-5, \$1,000.

The Carhart Hardware is carrying a series of advertising that must appeal to the public. We have watched them as they came in week after week. They do not scatter much—simply tell the merits of some one good seasonal article which they carry and the reason it appears to them, that is good and sufficient for those in need of something in the same line to investigate that particular brand. They evidently give attention to advertising systematically, for it comes to the printer on time and regularly. It would add to the joys of newspaper work if there were more of that kind of systematic advertisers than we now have—and we believe it would also add materially to the prosperity of Wayne. That it would also tend to extend the circle of trade territory, and that is what counts.

Organized Agriculture

The annual meeting of Organized Agriculture held the third week in January each year hold the record attendance at Lincoln over similar meetings in the Agricultural States. More than twenty organizations participate in these meetings which are largely held at the University State Farm. Matters of importance in the agriculture-horticulture and animal world are discussed by experts in each department and the hearer always profits in the securing of new advanced ideas. The committee in charge for the 1915 meeting are already laying plans for a more profitable session.

Librarians Report

Number of books loaned during the month of September: Adults, 527; Children's, 337; total, 858. General average, 48.3. New reader cards, 8; magazines, 58; German books, 2.

Painting and Paper Hanging.

I am prepared to do all kinds of house-painting, decorating and paper-hanging. Leave orders Union hotel.—Phone 14, R. B. Smith.—adv. 12tf.

A bargain on 640 acre ranch if sold soon, easy terms. Or will rent. I. W. Alter.—adv. 39-3t.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

AN UNREASONABLE WOMAN.

She Wouldn't Attune Herself to Her Husband's Poetic Nature.
The Poet of Gheer sat in his library deep in thought, while his poor wife was wrestling, after the fashion of Eve, with the serpents of domestic cares.
"Really, Wadsworth," the good woman said, as she entered the room timidly. "I hate to disturb you, but you must do something about the coal. There isn't a scuttletuff left in the cell."
"Ah, Maria, dear," said the poet, looking up from his work. "you are just in time. Listen to this, dear."
Now, what care I for winter's woe, And what care I if coal be low? I find my warmth in yonder skies And soothe the chill of winter's guise By gazing into Susan's eyes.
So lustroously aglow!
"That's very pretty, Waddy, dear," said the poor woman, "but just at present there are more pressing things than poetry that must be attended to. Cook has just left us because her wages were not paid promptly."
"That reminds me," said the poet smiling sweetly, "I haven't read this little thing to you that I dashed off last night:
What though my friends have passed me by And left me stranded here? What though my hearth is cold and I A hopeless wreck appear? Mid all the dread of loneliness And all the woes that round me press There's no felicity When Bob's smiling, So free from guile, Like sunshine shines on me.
"Rather nice, eh?"
"Yes," said Mrs. Jinx, "but really, Wad, dear, I can't smile on you with the cooking to do and the children to wash and dress."
"Ah, the children!" cried the poet ecstatically. "There you hit the supremest joys of life."
O ye kiddies, chickabiddies, Full of joyous play, Though skies be dark and care and care shall linger on my way, No plaint of mine, no grievous wime, Shall ever come from me, Whilst I can hear their laughter clear Up in the nursery!
There was no answer. Mrs. Jinx had disappeared, and the poet resumed his work. When two hours had passed and the pangs of hunger had begun to make themselves felt the poet arose from his desk and called:
"Maria!"
There was no answer, and the poet repeated the call:
"Oh, Maria! I'm ready for my lu-unch!"
Still there was no reply, and the poet walked out into the kitchen. There, pinned to the icy range, was a sheet of paper on which were written in his wife's handwriting the following lines:
Now, what care I for care and care, And unpaid bills round everywhere, And life domestic with its snare Or woe that courage smoothes? When dark and dreary is the sky I shall not weep nor shall I sigh Because the kids and also I Have gone back home to mother's! "Well, I'll be jiggered!" said the poet, as he read this effusion over. "For general irresponsibility of conduct, give me a woman!"—John Kendrick Bangs in Lippincott's.

His Chance to Save.

He was a hard-headed Scotsman, and he was in conflict with that enemy of mankind, the jobbing gardener. The question was the price of a barrow load of potting soil, which the gardener had



"YERE NO TELLIN' ME?" just wheeled in. The gardener demanded a shilling; the Scotsman offered ninepence.
"Why, sir," pleaded the gardener, "gentlemen pay me ninepence when they come and borrow my barrow and take away the soil themselves."
"Yere no tellin' me!" said the Scotsman. "Then ye mun just wheel that barrow load back again. I'll be roon' at yer place in ten meenutes."

"Safety Always" ESPECIALLY WITH MEDICINE

Where health is concerned, "Safety always" should be uppermost. It is best to take extra precaution that no unforeseen fatality may result. Medicine is taken for its curative power in bringing about recovery from illness, but unless it is compounded absolutely right in every respect it cannot accomplish all it should. Even if it is not right in the smallest way, medicine is no medicine at all and there is danger of it doing more harm than good. That's why "safety always" in having medicines made is most important. You are safe when you have them compounded at our store. Prescriptions brought here are filled carefully and accurately, with the best materials, equipment, and experience. Let us fill your next prescription for safety sake.



Calumet

Will invite you to come and see us when you are hungry, and when not come and see others eat and you will get hungry—because everything tastes good that you get here . . .

Come and Eat
Sunday Dinner
here where you will get treated well.

All kinds of Meat, Chicken, Oysters in season.
All Kinds of Soup Made to Order

Special Attention to Banquets and Party Dinners—prices right

A. S. Bohnert
Successor to S. K. Dibber
Wayne

To the Public

The Sale Season Is Now Drawing Near

I wish to say that I sold fifty-three sales last season with success, and am still in the auction business. If my work has pleased you in the past and you are thinking of holding a sale this season, I would be pleased to talk it over with you before claiming your date.

My terms will be the same this season as they have been in the past. Call Democrat office or call me over phone—No. 14, Carroll, Neb. Kindly thanking you all for your liberal patronage in the past and soliciting your future business, I am

Yours respectfully
Col. J. Garvis

GARDNER & WADE, Publishers

Entered at the postoffice at Wayne, Nebraska, as second-class mail matter.

Subscription Rates: One Year... \$1.50. Six Months... 75c. Three Months... 40c. Single Copies... 5c

WAYNE MARKET REPORT

Following are the market prices quoted us up to the time of going to press, Thursday: Oats... 38c. Corn new... 54 1/2c. Barley... 40c. Spring wheat... 81c. Wheat... 80c. Eggs... 26c. Butter... 25c. Hogs... 6.50. Fat Cattle... \$7.50 @ \$9.50

Democratic Candidates State Ticket

- For Governor—John H. Morehead, Richardson Co. For Lieutenant-Governor—James Pearson, Frontier Co. For Secretary of State—Charles W. Pool, Grant County. For State Auditor—Wm. H. Smith, Seward Co. For State Treasurer—George E. Hall, Franklin Co. For Superintendent of Schools—P. M. Whitehead, Dawson Co. For Attorney-General—Willis E. Reed, Madison Co. For Commissioner of Lands—W. P. Easham, Custer County. For Railway Commissioner—Will M. Maupin, Lancaster Co. For University Regents—G. W. Noble, Douglas County. John E. Miller, Lancaster Co. For Member of Congress—Dan V. Stephens, Dodge Co.

As election approaches the stories of lack of democratic harmony do not appear to have any foundation in fact. Edgar Howard appears to be a little off feed—and it is reported in some of the exchanges that he is considered a convert to the cause of equal suffrage. If so, he will be in accord with Bryan fully again, and when the secretary of state comes to Nebraska, as he will, and Senator Hitchcock comes, it will be a great love feast for all democrats.

The congressional campaign is now on, and Mr. Spillman, who wants to draw a congressman's salary has opened headquarters at Pierce for the republican end of the fight. At present his democratic competitor, Congressman Stephens is fighting his side at long range, being at Washington nearly all of the time helping to add more to the best record for good work for all of the people of any congress since the days of Washington. When it comes right down to constructive legislation the present congress has broken the record.

Another mail order house founder has gone to his reward. Richard W. Sears, of the Sears, Roebuck & Co., concern died last week at the age of 61 years. He made over a million dollars a year, it is said, during the 24 years he was in business, and was estimated to be worth \$25,000,000. A few months before, Montgomery Ward died leaving an estate valued at \$40,000,000. Why not buy a postage stamp and start in? Perhaps you have no desire to die rich. But there should be some legislation enacted which if it did not make such fortunes impossible should take the most of it for the public upon the death of the owner.

One of the good measures advocated by Governor Morehead which was enacted by the last legislature was a law which makes it possible for the citizens of Nebraska to have a measure of competition in oil and gasoline, and as a result consumers within the state are said to be saving at the rate of \$1,000 per week—\$50,000 per year on gasoline alone. Nor is that all, under the system of rigid inspection enforced by the governor we are getting a better and safer gas and oil to use than we have at other times when an inspector for this territory pretended to inspect such things before they crossed the river, because he could have a better time in Sioux City than in Nebraska.

The Democrat believes that it is the duty of every citizen to vote and vote for principles he believes to be right or the men who stand for those principles. But this year we believe it to be especially the duty of every democrat to go to the polls and cast a vote of approval of the national administration at Washington. For years democrats have been working for the election of a president and congress who would do just what the present officials at Washington are doing, and to

stay at home and fail or neglect to register a vote of approval would be worse than ingratitude. If you believe they are making a good fight for your cause—you can in no manner better express your appreciation than by giving a vote of approval November 3d.

Mr. Howell, the republican candidate for governor, is said to be long on promoting state conservation of water power and other natural resources. A good thing to do, and every voter should know that the present governor has some ideas along that line, and has had them at work in a practical manner ever since he was inaugurated. At his request the last legislature authorized the appointment of a commission to serve without salary and report at the incoming legislature the most practical method of conserving the energy of our streams and putting it at work. It is a big question, and one in which millions might be wasted, and the governor has acted wisely in making effort to get accurate knowledge of conditions before trying to spend a lot of money without having an idea of the ultimate costs and probable benefit.

Plenty of Rainwater Now

Wednesday even ng this vicinity was visited by a generous shower, the fall during the evening and night amounting to 1.15 inches, making a total of 1.4 inches for the two days.

The Cradle

CLARK—Tuesday, October 6, 1914, to Ralph A. Clark and wife, a son.

Local Items

The question of Wayne and Wayne business men appearing in the "Movies" is being discussed, the agent of one of the film making firms having been here Wednesday and Thursday to find whether or not there is a sentiment in favor of that sort of an advertising scheme. It is being worked in some of the larger places.

A rainfall of a quarter of an inch fell here Tuesday evening. It was accompanied by some thunder and lightning, and was of a showery nature, and not general. Six miles southwest there was but a slight sprinkle. North and east of here the appearance of the clouds indicated more rain than fell here. It continues warm, without killing frost.

W. O. Hanssen, who was at Bloomfield this week, reports that there was a little touch of war there when an Englishman and a German forgot to observe the President's neutrality advice, and one peppered the other as he beat a retreat, landing several bullets in the rear of his anatomy from a 22 rifle. The wounds are said not to be serious.

People now looking for farm lands should consider that it is worth a great deal to be at home in a land which is at peace with all the world and Mexico. Not many are now moving to Canada, and the news dispatches tell us that Canada has just started 22,000 more young men to fight the battles of the mother country, making in all more than 50,000 soldiers furnished.

THE "HITLESS WONDERS."

Qualities That Made the Old White Sox Club Famous. Back in 1906 the Chicago White Sox were known as the Hitless Wonders, because of their ability to win games with uniformly poor batting, and though Frank Isbell, the best club swinger on the team, finished a season of 132 games with an average of only .270, this club qualified for a chance to fight for a world's championship. And what is still more to the point, they won the great series from Frank Chance's Cubs when that aggregation was at its best.

But there was a reason for this, and the reason was the wonderful pitching staff, which consisted of Ed Walsh, Doc White, Nick Altrock, Roy Patterson, Frank Owens and Frank Smith, an aggregation of twirling talent seldom equaled. So clever were the members of this sextet that they were able to limit opposing teams to a minimum of runs, and it was only necessary for the batters of the White Sox to collect three or four tallies to win most contests.

But even if the club was shy on heavy hitters such men as Jiggs Donohue, Lee Tammell, George Robe, George Davis, Billy Sullivan, Fielder Jones, Dougherty and Hahn had plenty of speed, knew their "inside play" like a book and in most pinches could be depended upon to come through with enough good plays to score at the right moments.

In every other instance where a team has won a championship in the majors the batters as a whole have been unusually strong and did not have to depend on the pitchers to keep them in the running more than half of the time. Nevertheless a number of clubs have endeavored to emulate the example of the White Sox, but they always have come to grief.—Ed A. Geewey in Leslie's.

A Gentleman Chauffeur

A Story of the Purchase of Mexican Oil Lands

By F. A. MITCHEL

Cuthbert Harrington, a portly gentleman with mutton chop whiskers, partly gray hair, florid complexion indicating high living and making a fine contrast with an azure polka dot neck scarf, sat in his private office in a skyscraper not far from Wall street, New York, opening his mail. He put the letters in different baskets as he read them till he came to one that arrested his earnest attention. He pondered over it for some time, then tapped a bell.

"Tell Mr. Erskine I would like to see him," he said to the attendant who entered.

Mr. Erskine, a tall, slender man with a shirt collar so high that it seemed to have pushed his hair back from his forehead, entered with a serious look on his face. No one of Mr. Harrington's subordinates ever entered his presence without appearing to suppose that he had been called for a purpose of supreme importance.

"Mr. Erskine," said the magnate, "I have a letter from Mexico this morning from Perkins saying that Manuel Furtado is very ill and likely to die."

"Senor Furtado is dead," replied Erskine, with unheeded daring, venturing to interrupt his chief.

"Dead! How do you know that?"

"His death is mentioned in the morning papers."

"What! Furtado dead! I didn't see it. Let me have the paper."

A journal was produced and the item pointed out.

"Erskine," said Harrington, turning to his subordinate, "this is a crisis in the oil industry of Mexico. Furtado owned the most valuable petroleum lands in that distracted country. There will be a race between some one sent out by me and some one sent by Sir Oliver Tisdale's British combination to buy these lands that belong to the Furtado estate. It is well known that the prospective heirs have wished these lands sold, but Furtado would sell nothing. General Grant said that victory in war depends on getting there first with the most men. In this case victory for us depends upon who gets there first with the most money."

"We are nearer Mexico than England."

"In this case we are at the same distance. Joe Blinker has kept me advised that John Handside, the Tisdale manager here, has long been trying to get possession of this property. He will send—"

The door opened, and a clerk entered.

"Joseph Blinker says that he has important information for you, sir."

"Send him right in."

Mr. Blinker was about twenty-five years old, stupid looking, but a close observer would have remarked a crafty eye. He was a spy of Mr. Harrington's in Mr. Handside's employ.

"What is it, Joe?" asked Mr. Harrington eagerly.

Joe instinctively looked at the walls and the ceiling for an eavesdropper, then said:

"Mr. Handside is leaving by train this evening for Mexico."

"The deuce you say! How do you know that?"

"I was directed to purchase his sleeping section and his ticket."

"But how do you know they are for Mr. Handside?"

"I was directed to engage a cab to be at his house at 5 o'clock this afternoon."

"How much of all this have you done?"

"Bought the tickets."

"How about the cab?" asked Mr. Erskine.

"I have not yet ordered it."

"Mr. Harrington," said Erskine, "may I have a few moments' conversation with you?"

"Yes, Joe, wait outside."

When alone Mr. Erskine said: "This information gives us a fine advantage. We may possibly delay Mr. Handside while some one leaves by the evening train empowered to buy the Furtado property."

"How delay Handside?"

"Let Joe give me the order for the cab. I will manage the rest."

"I think I see your point."

"Whom will you send?"

"Whom will I send? Why, I'll go myself! Whoever gets the Furtado property will own what turns the scale of a monopoly of the oil product of Mexico. The matter is altogether too important to trust to a subordinate. Now tell me how you propose to delay Handside."

The door was locked to avoid interruption, and the two men went into secret conference.

"Sue," said Hugh Erskine, who surprised his wife by going home to luncheon, "I have a bit of work for you this afternoon."

"What is it?"

Erskine told his wife of the rivalry for the oil property in Mexico, unfolded his plan to delay Handside and explained how he wished her assistance. Then he lunched and went to the garage in the rear of his house.

"Carl," he said to his chauffeur, "I wish you to take a note to a man on

Staten Island. You needn't hurry. Take the whole afternoon."

When Carl had departed his master began an examination of his cars, selecting a closed one, on which he began to make certain changes. He sent for a locksmith, whom he directed to fix the locks to the doors so that they could not be opened from the inside. This done, Erskine drove a nail into the sash of every window so that it could not be opened. Next he bored a hole from behind the driver's seat into the interior of the car. Having finished all this, he went to a drug store and purchased a rubber bulb and tube.

Mr. Erskine then went to his dressing room, where he found his wife with cosmetics ready to make him up so that he would not be recognized for himself. He was smooth shaven, and his wife had no difficulty in fixing on him a beard. His hair was light, and she blackened it with pomade. Then he got into a suit of his chauffeur's clothes that he had brought from the garage and, after surveying himself in a pier glass, went out to get the car he had altered.

At the appointed hour Chauffeur Erskine pulled up at the residence of the representative of Sir Oliver Tisdale's British oil corporation. The front door was opened, a gentleman whom Erskine recognized as Mr. Handside came out, kissed him and to his wife who appeared at an upper window and got into the car, giving his directions before closing the door.

Mr. Handside was being driven through a narrow street leading down to the Hudson river when there was a puff and the car was filled with a fine powder. Astonished, he tried to let down a window. It could not be moved. Then he tried the one on the other side of the car. This, too, was stuck fast. He rapped on the partition between him and the chauffeur.

No response was accorded him. Lastly, he tried to open a door and failed.

Meanwhile Mr. Handside was breathing in the powder that filled the car. It had been injected by the chauffeur, who had squeezed a rubber bulb, forcing it through the tube, an end of which had been inserted into a hole bored in the partition. The man inside began to feel languid, drowsy, and his efforts to get out of the car relaxed. Finally he passed into dreamland.

When Mr. Handside came out of his trance it was pitch dark. He was lying on what was evidently a bed, but his surroundings, being invisible, he could not see them. He got up and felt about him till he came to a door and, turning the knob, opened it and looked into a dimly lighted corridor. Returning to the room, by the increased light he saw a dresser, and on it were matches. Lighting one, he stood before an electric switch and turned on more light.

By this time it was evident to Mr. Handside that he was in a hotel. Pushing a button, he called for some one from below. A bellboy responded, who called the night clerk, and Mr. Handside was informed that the evening before a chauffeur had driven up to the hotel, said that he had a fare who was ill and begged to be permitted to leave the invalid till his family could be communicated with. The landlord had consented, and Mr. Handside had been carried in and put to bed. The chauffeur had gone off to bring a doctor, but had not returned. Since the invalid seemed to be gently sleeping he was left to himself.

Day was breaking, and Mr. Handside, feeling weak, decided to return to his bed. At 8 o'clock he arose, called up his own chauffeur by telephone and was driven to his home to break the news of his strange adventure to his wife.

How near Mr. Handside's surmises as to the cause of his experience were to the truth is not known. He certainly never knew who had been his chauffeur in his ineffectual effort to reach the railway station. He took the next through train southward, but somehow he had a feeling that the delay he had been subjected to would be fatal to his buying the Furtado oil lands.

Meanwhile Cuthbert Harrington, dressed in somewhat shabby traveling clothes and a felt hat pulled down over his eyes, was driven to the station, where he entered a private compartment in a sleeping car. He reached his destination without having been recognized, and the morning after the funeral of Manuel Furtado appeared at the home of the deceased man's oldest son, and after an effort that lasted ten hours succeeded in getting the property at a price the heirs never had dreamed of. The papers were signed sealed and delivered at 10 o'clock that night, when Mr. Harrington went to bed to sleep the sleep, if not of the just, at least of the winner.

The next morning he called on young Furtado to say goodbye before going to the station, and while standing in the patio who should come through the large Mexican doorway but Mr. Handside.

"Good morning, Mr. Handside," said the American magnate. "Come to buy the Furtado oil lands? There's the principal heir to the property right there. Mr. Handside, Senor Furtado."

With this Mr. Harrington took his departure, was driven to the station, and returned to New York.

Hugh Erskine was well to do before he demeaned himself to become Mr. Handside's chauffeur, but this service made him a double millionaire. Mrs. Erskine has since assumed a leadership in New York society. She says she made more by dressing her husband once than she ever made in dressing herself in all her life.

As for the Furtado heirs, though they became rich by the sale of their lands they have been miserable ever since that they did not get more.

Order your Winter Coat or Suit Friday

A New Way to Handle Rugs

A new line of samples—small rugs representing all the sizes in which they are made; orders are filled direct from the mill. You are sure of new rugs, new patterns, and the price is less than asked by city stores for the same grades. You will be pleased with this plan of buying rugs—let us figure with you.

OUR BUDD BABY SHOES have arrived. We can now furnish this famous brand in all sizes and styles—bring in the little folks.

NEW ARRIVAL of Ladies', Misses' and Children's sweaters this week, better and cheaper than ever.

S. R. Theobald & Co.

Winter Is Coming

But it has few terrors to the owner of the

Peerless-Universal

A base burner with all of the latest and best devices for subtracting ALL of the heat from the fuel and delivering it in the house instead of out at the chimney top. This stove is a handsome piece of furniture besides one most useful.

Also have Art Garlands—excellent stoves at a less price.

For soft coal, or any other fuel, there is no stove to excell BUCK HEATERS and we carry a complete line in stock.

Let us keep you warm this winter with fuel saving stoves.

W. A. Hiscox

who sells all kinds of hardware at Wayne.

Duroc Jersey Sale

45 30 SPRING BOARS 45 10 FALL BOARS 75 OPEN GILTS

Saturday, October 17th

At Farm Five Miles North of PILGER, NEBRASKA

This offering consists of 30 spring boars, 10 fall boars and 5 open gilts. They are sired by Melina's Wonder, Crimson Wonder Select, King the Col., Long Wonder, Sweet Rose's Wonder, Golden Model IV., Wonder Lad, Chieg's Model, Blue Ribbon Model, Golden Model 31st and Col. Chief.

—ADDRESS FOR CATALOGUES—

HENRY STUTHMAN, Pilger, Neb.

Col. N. G. Kraschel & Col. R. P. McGuire, Auctioneers R. O. Brandt, Clerk



IT ISN'T REQUIRED THAT YOU SHOULD HAVE BEEN ACCUSED AND EXONERATED TO QUALIFY AS A CUSTOMER HERE. THE VERDICT HAS BEEN HANDED DOWN THAT WE SELL THE BEST. GIVE US A TRIAL AND BE YOUR OWN JUDGE.

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

F. R. DEAN, PROPRIETOR

TELEPHONE 67



Now For The Winter Overcoats!

Every good dresser knows there is only one way to buy an overcoat.

That is to have it made from exact personal measurements and intended only for the wearer himself.

I am showing a large variety of very exclusive overcoat styles — fashionable ideas you'll not find elsewhere.

Morgan's Toggery

"Style All The While"

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Jas. Steele is at Sioux City today.

Tonight is the night when all go to see "Uncle Tom."

C. E. Sprague is visiting at Council Bluffs this week.

Miss Lena Rider is at Omaha this week visiting her sister.

St. Mary's Guild will meet with Mrs. J. Miester this afternoon.

Come in Friday for that fall suit. S. R. Theobald & Co.—adv.

The Eastern Star will meet in regular session next Monday evening.

Mrs. Henry Hellwig of Carroll went to visit relatives near Long Pine Wednesday.

Henry Petersen was down from Carroll Wednesday morning, looking after business matters here.

Henry Kay and Carl Douse went to Kimball, South Dakota, to look after their land there, Wednesday.

S. E. Auker received two car loads of feeders from the western part of the state Wednesday. They were a fine bunch, smooth and even as to size.

Suits and Coats, Friday. S. R. Theobald & Co.—adv.

J. T. Baughan is visiting home folks at Lincoln this week.

L. W. Alter went to Foster Wednesday on a business mission.

Earl Merchant and wife were visitors at Sioux City, Monday.

The monthly meeting of the library board is next Tuesday evening.

Chris Nelson went to Sioux City Wednesday to visit relatives a few days.

Mrs. Herb Bluechel came from Norfolk this morning for a short visit.

L. Welbaum went to Croiton Wednesday to visit a few days with friends.

Mrs. Lidke and daughter, Miss Clara, visited at Sioux City Saturday and Sunday.

Furnished rooms for rent, suitable for light housekeeping. Mrs. L. A. Fansie.—adv.

Base Burner for sale—good as new. Inquire of C. Swanson, phone Black 376—adv. 41-2pd.

A. J. Ferguson and wife returned Tuesday from a visit of a month or more in Minnesota and Iowa.

Duroc Jersey brood sows for sale. Robert H. Jones, Wayne, Nebraska.—adv. 41-4.

For apples that are sound and of good varieties visit the Vail car on track near depot. Priced low.—adv.

Emil Weber left Tuesday to investigate some land opportunities in the western part of the state. He will visit at Alliance and other points.

Ed. A. Johnson and wife were visitors at Sioux City the last of last week, going over by automobile.

Ole Lyngen is at Allen this week as a delegate from the church here to the state Synod of the English Evangelical church.

Dr. M. L. Cleveland went to Sioux City Wednesday afternoon to attend a meeting of the Osteopaths in session there this week.

Phil Dawson, breeder of Big Type Expansion Polands, is advertising a sale of boars for Randolph, Saturday, October 24.—adv.

The Vail car of apples on track a short time yet. Do not miss this opportunity to get apples that are good at low price.—adv.

R. A. Nance was here from Randolph this morning, and Mrs. F. A. Nance accompanied him on his return home, for a visit there.

Warren Shulteis and wife returned Friday from Colorado Springs, and are now at home in the Mellor house in the west part of the city.

Mr. Fred Farnsworth and Mrs. Nelson of Sioux City came Tuesday evening for a visit at the home of the former's brother, J. A. Farnsworth and wife.

Mrs. Wm F. Wright has gone to visit at Oakland, Iowa, where they formerly lived, and after a visit there she will go to Knoxville, the home of her childhood.

Order your Suit or Coat Friday. S. R. Theobald & Co.—adv.

FOR SALE—A few very choice Duroc boars at a reasonable price. John S. Lewis, Jr. adv-41-3.

If looking for a chance to buy big type Polands prepare to attend the Phil Dawson sale at Randolph the 24th of this month.—adv.

Monday evening a number of the young people of the Baptist church enjoyed a "wienie" roast at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rimel, near town.

Mrs. R. P. Williams left this morning to visit her daughter at Bismark, North Dakota. Mr. Williams accompanied her as far as St. Paul.

Mrs. Bowen was called to Omaha Wednesday afternoon by a message bringing the sad news of the death of her sister, Mrs. H. H. Miller at that place.

FOR SALE—If taken soon, several Shorthorn bull calves, of good breeding, reds and roans. Nels Nelson, Wayne. Phone 222-408—adv. 41-2pd.

Tomorrow evening the executive committee of the Commercial club will hold a meeting at the office of the secretary, and several questions of importance will be up for consideration.

Chas. Shulteis was home from Wessington, South Dakota, last week for a short visit, returning Tuesday. He brought with him samples of the corn of that vicinity that are good.

Ralph Rundell and wife went to Omaha Wednesday afternoon. After seeing the sights there Mrs. Rundell will go to Oakland, Iowa, to visit and then go on to Des Moines before returning home.

Rev. Rudolph Moehring of the German Evangelical church of this place is at Allen this week, a delegate representing the German synod at the state meetings of the English Evangelical Lutheran church.

Mrs. Harrington and Mrs. Erwyn Froyd from Aurora, Illinois, who are visiting at the home of Thos. Rawlings at Wakefield, came to Wayne Wednesday to spend the day at the home of E. A. Johnson and wife.

Misses Anna and Laura Westphall came Wednesday evening from Manning, Iowa, to visit relatives here for a time. They will be guests at the homes of Carl Frevert, Hans J. Hansen and others.

Neal Thompson from Dalton has been here visiting relatives and friends, and when he left for home he was accompanied by Frank Martin and Frank Baker, who go to look the country in Cheyenne county over a bit.

J. H. Vibber and wife left Tuesday for Omaha, and from there will leave this week for Denver, and thence to the coast, planning to spend the winter in California. J. Joy accompanies them to the coast country.

E. B. Young of this city has completed 21 years of service as missionary for the American Sunday School Union. In that time he has organized many Sunday schools, and started out a number of others in the same work.

Henry Lessman returned from Sioux City Wednesday where he had been with his daughter, Mrs. Fred Flege, who underwent an operation for appendicitis there the first of the week. He reports that she is getting along nicely.

Mrs. John Harder left this morning to visit relatives at her old home, Three Rivers, Michigan. She was accompanied by Mrs. Chris. Soderman, who also has relatives there. They will also be at Niles and Battle Creek before returning.

Mrs. Geo. Rohwer is still critically ill at her home in this city. After apparently improving from a siege of typhoid, she is having trouble with her lungs, and it is questionable whether or not she has strength to overcome all of her troubles.

Mrs. H. Alberts and her daughter, Mrs. Rogge, accompanied by her son, all from Pierce, came last week to visit at the home of Mrs. Albert's mother, Mrs. Henry Jans, making four generations of the family beneath the roof of the Jans home at one time.

Mrs. Margaret Applegate, her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Lee Applegate and her sister, and Lee Applegate, a grandson, all of Union, in the southern part of the state drove their automobile up to the front door of the E. O. Gardner home Tuesday, and said "hello"—and that was all for they had been delayed by rain and auto trouble and were due to be home that night. They had been at Osmond for a visit and had planned to stop at Wayne one day—but no one can control the weather—or what may happen to an automobile.

The Scrap Book

Caught It Too.
Lord Kitchener is a rather grim person and hardly a subject for a joke, but on one occasion General Botha scored on him rather neatly. While terms of peace in South Africa were being discussed there were several interviews between the two leaders before a working basis for a treaty was agreed upon. There was still a good deal of skirmishing going on, and at the end of one interview General Botha got up with the remark, "Well, I'm afraid I must be off."
"There's no hurry," replied Lord Kitchener pleasantly; "you haven't got to catch a train, you know?"
General Botha laughed.
"Perhaps not," he answered, "but I must go now."
Bidding Lord Kitchener goodbye, he hurried off. Next morning came the news of a successful Boer raid on a British armored train on the Delagoa line.
"Ah!" Lord Kitchener commented when the news was brought to him. "So General Botha did catch his train."

Faith.
Securely cabined in the ship below,
Through darkness and through storm I cross the sea,
A pathless wilderness of waves to me,
But yet I do not fear, because I know
That he who guides the good ship o'er that waste
Sees in the stars her shining pathway traced.
Blindfold I walk this life's bewildering maze,
Up flinty steep, through frozen mountain pass,
Through thorn set barren and through deep morass,
But strong in faith I tread the uneven way,
And bare my head unshrinking to the blast,
Because my Father's arm is round me cast.
And if the way seems rough I only clasp
The hand that leads me with a firmer grasp.
—Anne C. Lynch Botta.

Her Sense of Humor.
Martin and Kenyon met on the street a few mornings ago, and the latter, who had been present a few evenings previous at Martin's initiation into the brotherhood, asked:
"Well, did you tell Mrs. M. about your initiation?"
"Yes," replied the other. "I told her how you made me jump into a tank full of water in my evening clothes, how you made me ride around the block sitting backward on a goat, how you made me catch a greasy pig, how you branded me on my back with the motto of our brotherhood, how you set me in a basin with a couple of toothpicks and made me row ashore, how you mixed horseradish with my lemonade and made me drink it and numerous other stunts which you subjected me to."
"I'll warrant she enjoyed a good, hearty laugh."
"Oh, you do? Well, you're wrong. She got ripping mad. Women haven't any sense of humor, anyway."—Buffalo Express.

Time's One Regret.
Time brings only one regret—that we had not more joy in the things that were, more belief, more patience, more love, more knowledge of the way things worked out, more willingness to help toward the final result.—Jennie June.

Not Convinced.
Many years ago Henry Pettitt happened to meet an old schoolfellow.
"By the way," said his friend, "are you any relation to Henry Pettitt, the dramatist?"
"I am he," replied Pettitt.
"No, no," was the reply. "I mean the great Henry Pettitt who writes plays for Drury Lane."
"Yes," said Henry modestly, "that's me."
"Well," said his friend, with disgust, "you always were a liar, Pettitt."—London Telegraph.

Newman's Traveling Bag.
Oliver P. Newman, chairman of the board of commissioners of Washington, D. C., and Louis Brownlow, a world wide traveler, are boon companions.
After the last presidential election Newman, then a political writer, was ordered to accompany President Elect Wilson to Bermuda. He promptly wired Brownlow for the use of a traveling bag which had been round the world several times and was entirely covered with foreign labels. Possession of the bag, Newman felt, would show him to be eligible for membership in the Round the World club.
In due time a crate was carried into Newman's apartment in New York. With pleasant thoughts of the presidential party, Newman unpacked the crate. Before him was a bag as immaculate as his own new suitcase.
Newman wired Brownlow:
Where the blazes are the foreign labels?
Brownlow's reply was:
You are an ingrate. I spent \$2 to have the labels washed off.
—Washington Star.

Her Second Meeting With the Stork.
They had just finished taking a new film in a big German moving picture studio near Berlin. Among the properties was a live stork which had been trained to reach out one of his long legs and shake hands with people. Everybody was gathered around the bird trying out his accomplishment. A little six-year-old girl was among them. The stork shook hands with her too. Then she ran beaming to her mother crying: "Mamma, mamma! He knew me again at once!"—New York Post.

Our Store Can Provide You With The COAT That You Want

The Coats and Suits That Stay New

WE offer to our customers nothing that we cannot recommend to be absolutely correct in style, superior in fabrics and faultless in tailoring.

The coats that we offer you at \$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$16.50, \$17.50, \$19.50, \$20, \$22.50 and \$25 we believe to be the very best values to be had at those prices—the very best in every detail.

They are the reliable styles and good tailoring that you should demand.

Every garment is guaranteed to give the full satisfaction that you have a right to expect through two whole seasons satisfactory service.

This is a promise that is never broken and is another good reason for choosing one of the many exclusive models that we offer.

We'll be glad to show you these garments any time whether you are ready to purchase or not

Orr & Morris Co.

Phone 247 WAYNE Phone 247

First Baptist Church

Rev. B. P. Richardson, Pastor

Sunday Evening, October 11, '14

Musical Program

Hymn	No. 224
Scripture Reading	
Prayer	
Hymn	No. 234
Offering	
Duett "O-Day of Rest"	Johnston Misses Ina Hughes, Emma Abbott
Duet and Quartett, "Jesus Lover of My Soul"	Dunn Misses Graves, Evans, Shirley Sprague, Prof. Lewis
Trio, "God Be Merciful"	Parry Misses Adams, Hughes and Elmer Rogers
Solo and Chorus, "The Better Land"	Cowen Solo, Miss Abbott
Hymn	No. 237
Solo, "He Leadeth Me"	Ashford
Obligato, Solo and Chorus, "Nearer My God to Thee"	Ashford Solo, Miss Adams
Solo, "Let Us Have Peace"	Bell Miss Hughes
Chorus, "Gloria"	Mozart

M. S. Davies, Musical Director,
Miss Pearle Hughes, Organist.

Another Arrival of Apples at Rundell's, OF COURSE

This week Grocer Rundell has his second car of apples on track and at the store. This load is direct from the orchard where his men are now superintending the harvesting and shipping of the best quality of apples for your winter supply. This car contains the best brands for winter use, such as

GANOS
WINESAPS
BLACK TWIGS
JONATHAN and
Other Choice Varieties

ALL HAND PICKED
.....and Priced Right.....

ALWAYS ASK TO SEE
RUNDELL'S APPLES

The Million Dollar Mystery

By HAROLD MAC GRATH

Illustrated from Scenes in the Photo Drama of the Same Name by the Thanhouser Film Company

(Copyright, 1914, by Harold MacGrath)

CHAPTER VII.

When all three finally met at the Hargreave home Florence suddenly took Jones by the shoulders and kissed him lightly on the cheek. Jones started back, pale and disturbed.

Norton laughed. He did not feel the slightest twinge of jealousy, but he was eaten up with envy, as the old wives say.

"You are wondering if I suspect the Princess Perigot?" said Jones.

"I am." This man Jones was developing into a very remarkable character. The reporter found himself side-glancing at the thin, keen face of this resourceful butler. The lobe of the man's left ear came within range. Norton reached for a cigarette, but his hands shook as he lit it. There was a peculiar little scar in the center of the lobe.

"Well," said Jones, "I can find no evidence that she has been concerned in any of these affairs."

"You are suspicious?"

"Of everybody," looking boldly into the reporter's eyes.

"Or me?" smiling.

"Even of myself sometimes."

Conversation dropped entirely after this declaration.

"You're a factum sort of chap."

"Am I?"

"You are. But an agreement is an agreement, and while I'd like to print this story, I'll not. We newspaper men seldom break our word."

Jones held out his hand.

"Sometimes I wish I'd started life right," said the reporter gloomily. "A newspaper man is generally imprudent. He never looks ahead for tomorrow. What with my special articles to the magazines, I earn between four and five thousand the year, and I've never been able to save a cent."

"Perhaps you've never really tried," replied Jones, with a glance at his companion. "It was a good face, strong in outline; a little careworn, perhaps, but free from any indications of dissipation. 'If I had begun life as you did, I'd have made real and solid use

of the great men I met. I'd have

made financiers help me to invest my earnings, or savings, little as they might be. And today I'd be living on the income."

"You never can tell. Perhaps a woman might have made you think of those things; but if you had remained unattached up to thirty-one, as I have, the thought of saving might never have entered your head. A man in my present condition financially, has no right to think of matrimony."

"It might be the saving of you if you met and married the right woman."

"But the right woman might be helpless to millions. And a poor devil like me could not marry a girl with money and hang on to his self-respect."

"True. But there are always exceptions to all rules in life, except those regarding health. A healthy man is a normal man, and a normal man has no right to remain single. You proved yourself a man this afternoon, considering that you did not know I occupied the wheel seat. Come to think it over, you really saved the day. You gave me the opportunity of steering straight for the police station."

Well, good-by."

"Queer duck!" mused the reporter as, after telephoning, he headed for his office. Queer duck, indeed! What a game it was going to be! And this man Jones was playing it like a maste

It did not matter that some one had laid down the rules; it was the way in which they were interpreted.

Braine heard of the failure. The Black Hundred was finding its stock far below par value. Four valuable men locked up in the Tombs awaiting trial, to say nothing of the seven gunmen gathered in the old warehouse. Braine began to suspect that his failures were less due to chance than to calculation, that at last he had encountered a mind which anticipated his every move. He would have recognized this fact earlier had it not been that revenge had temporarily blinded him. The spirit of revenge ever makes for mental clarity.

There was a meeting that night of the Black Hundred. Four men were told off, and they drew their chairs up to Vroon's table for instructions. Braine sat at Vroon's elbow. These four men composed the most dangerous quartet in New York city. They were as daring as they were desperate. They were the men who held up bank messengers and got away with thousands. They had learned to swoop down upon their victims as the hawk swoops upon the heron. The newspapers referred to them as the "aut bandits," and the men took a deal of pride in the furor they had created.

Vroon went over the Hargreave case minutely; he left no detail unexplained bluntly and frankly, the daughter of Stanley Hargreave must be caught and turned over to the care of the Black Hundred. It must be quick action. Four valuable members were in the Tombs. They might or might not weaken under pressure. For the first time in its American career

the organization stood facing actual peril; and its one possible chance of salvation lay in the fact that no one's face was known to his neighbor. He, Vroon, and the boss alone knew who and what each man was. But the plans, the ramifications of the organization might become public property; and that would mean an end to an exceedingly profitable business.

The daughter of Hargreave rode horseback early every morning. She sought the country road. She was invariably attended by the riding master of a school near by.

"You four will make your own plans."

"If she should be injured?"

"Avoid it if possible."

"We have a free hand?"

"Absolutely."

"We risk a bad fall from her horse if it's a spirited one."

"Pretend a breakdown in the road," interpolated Braine. "As they approach, draw and order them to dismount. That method will prevent any accident."

"We'll plan it somehow. It looks easy."

"Nothing is easy where that girl is concerned. A thousand eyes seem to be watching her slightest move."

"We shan't leave anything to chance. How many days will you give us?"

"Seven. A failure, mind you, will prove unhealthy to all concerned," with a menace which made the four stir uneasily.

The telephone rang. Braine reached for the receiver.

"A man just entered the Hargreave house at the rear. Come at once," was the message.

"Is your car outside?" Braine asked.

"We are never without it."

"Then let us be off. No one will stop us for speeding on a side street."

Fourteen minutes by the clock brought the car to a stand at the curb a few houses below the Hargreave home. The men got out. The watch-er ran up.

"He is still inside," he whispered.

"Good! Spread out. If anyone leaves that house, catch him. If he runs too fast, shoot. We can beat the police."

The man obeyed, and the watch-er ran back to his post. He was desperately hoping the affair would terminate tonight. He was growing weary of this eternal vigilance; and it was only his fear of the man known as the boss that kept him at his post. He wanted a night to carouse in, to be with the boys.

The man for whom they were lying in wait was seen presently to creep cautiously round the side of the house. He hugged a corner and paused. They could see the dim outline of his body. The light in the street back of the grounds almost made a silhouette of him. By and by, as if assured that the coast was clear, he stole down to the street.

"Halt!"

Instantly the prowler took to his heels. Two shots rang out. The man was seen to stop, stagger, and then go on desperately.

"He's hit!"

By the time the men reached the corner they heard the rumble of a motor. One dashed back to the car they had left standing at the curb. He made quick work of the job, but he was not quick enough. Still, they gave chase. They saw the car turn toward the city. But, unfortunately for the success of the chase, several automobiles passed, going into town and leaving it. Checkmate.

Braine was keen enough tonight.

"He is hit; whether badly or not remains to be seen. We can find that out. Drive to the nearest drug store and get a list of hospitals. It's a ten to one shot that we land him somewhere among the hospitals."

But they searched the hospitals in vain. None of them had that night received a shooting case, nor had they heard one reported. The man had been unmistakably hit. He would not have dared risk the loss of time for a bit of play-acting. Evidently he had kept his head and sought his lodgings. To call up doctors would be utter folly; for it would take a week for a thorough combing. This was the second time the man had got away.

"Perhaps I'm to blame," admitted Braine. "I should have advised Miles to stalk him and pot him if he got the chance. There's a master mind working somewhere back of all this, and it's time I woke up to the fact. But you," turning to the auto bandits, "you men have your instructions. More than that, you have been given a free rein. See that you make good, or by the Lord Harry! I'll break the four of you like pipestems."

"We haven't had a failure yet," spoke up one of the men, more courageous than his companions.

"You are not holding up a bank messenger this trip. Remember that. Drive me as far as Columbus circle. Leave me on the side street, between the lights, so I can take off this mask."

Later Braine sauntered into Pabst and ordered a light supper. This night's work, more than anything else, brought home to him the fact that his luck was changing. For years he had proceeded with his shady occupations without encountering any memorable failure. He moved in the high world, quite unsuspected. He had written books, given lectures, been made a lion of, all the while laughing in his sleeve at the gullibility of human nature. But within the last two weeks he had received serious checks. From now on he must move with the utmost caution. Some one was playing his own game, waging warfare unseen. A battle of wits? So be it; but Braine intended to play with rough wits, and he wasn't going to care which way the sword cut.

He hated Stanley Hargreave with all the hatred of his soul; the hatred of a man balked in love. And the man was alive, defying him; alive somewhere in this city this very night, with a bullet under his skin.

"Is everything satisfactory, sir?" he heard the head waiter say.

"Satisfactory?" Braine repeated blankly.

"Yes, sir. You struck the table as though displeased."

"Oh!" Then Braine laughed relievedly. "If I struck the table, it was done

unconsciously. I was thinking."

"Beg pardon, sir! Anything else, sir?"

"No. Bring me the check."

"Your master gives riding lessons?"

The groom who had led the horse back from Hargreave's eyed his questioner rather superciliously.

"Yes." The groom fondled the animal's legs.

"How much is it?"

"Twenty dollars for a ticket of five rides. The master is the fashion-uber here. He doesn't cater to any but the best families."

"Pretty steep. Who was that young lady riding this morning with your master?"

"That's the girl all the newspapers have been talking about," answered the groom importantly.

"Actress?"

"Actress! I should say not. That young woman is the daughter of Stanley Hargreave, the millionaire who was lost at sea. And it won't be long before she puts her finger in a pie of four or five millions. If you want any rides, you'll have to talk it over with the boss. He may or may not take any more rides. You'd probably have to ride in the afternoon, anyhow, as every nag is out in the morning."

"Where's the most popular road?"

"Toward the park; but Miss Hargreave always goes along the river-side road. She doesn't like strangers about."

"O, I see. Well, I'll drop in this afternoon and see your master. They say that riding is good for a torpid liver. Have a cigar?"

"Thank."

The groom proceeded into the stables and the affable stranger took himself off.

A free --in; they could work it to suit themselves. There wasn't the least obstacle in the way. On the face of it, it appeared to be the simplest job they had yet undertaken. To get rid of the riding master in some natural way after he and the girl had started. It was like falling off a log.

"Susan," said Florence as she came into breakfast after her exhilarating ride, "did you hear pistol shots last night?"

"I heard some noise, but I was so sleepy I didn't try to figure out what it was."

"Did you, Jones?"

"Yes, Miss Florence. The shots came from the street. A policeman came running up later and said he saw two automobiles on the run. But evidently there wasn't anybody hurt. One has to be careful at night nowadays. There are pretty bad men abroad. Did you enjoy the ride?"

"Very much. But there were spots of blood on the walk near the corner."

"Blood?" Jones caught the back of a chair to steady himself.

"Yes. So some one was hurt. Oh, let's leave this place!" impulsively. "Let us go back to Miss Farlow's. You could find a place in the village, Jones. But if I stay here much longer in this state of unrest I shall lose faith in everything and everybody. Whoever my father's enemies are, they do not lack persistence. They have made two attempts against my liberty, and sooner or later they will succeed. I keep looking over my shoulder all the time. If I hear a noise I jump."

"Miss Florence, if I thought it wise, you should be packed off to Miss Farlow's this minute. But not an hour of the day or night passes without this

house being watched. I seldom see anybody about. I can only sense the presence of a watcher. At Miss Farlow's you would be far more like a prisoner than here. I could not accompany you. I am forbidden to desert this house."

"My father's orders?"

Jones signified neither one way nor the other. He merely gazed stolidly at the rug.

"That blood!" She sprang from her chair, horrified. "It was his! He was here last night, and they shot him! O!"

"There, there, Miss Florence! The man was only slightly wounded. He's where they never will look for him."

Then Jones continued, as with an effort: "Trust me, Miss Florence. It would not pay to run away. The whole affair would be repeated elsewhere. We might go to the other end of the world, but it would not serve us in the least. It is not a question of escape, but of who shall vanquish the other. There is nothing to do but remain here and fight, fight, fight. We have put four of them in the Tombs, to say nothing of the gunmen. That is what we must do—put them in a safe place, one by one, till we reach the master. Then only may we breathe in safety. But if they watch, so do we. There is never a moment when help is not within reach, no matter where you go. So long as you do not deceive me, no real harm shall befall you. Don't cry. Be your father's

daughter, as I am his servant."

"I am very unhappy!" And Florence threw her arms around Susan and laid her head upon her friend's shoulder.

"Poor child!" Susan, however, recognized the wisdom of Jones' statements. They were safest here.

The morning rides continued. To the girl, who loved the open, it was glorious fun. Those mad gallops along the roads, the smell of earth and sea, the tingle in the blood, were the second best moments of her day. The first? She invariably blushed when she considered what these first best moments were. He was a brave young man, good to look at, witty, and always cheerful. Why shouldn't she like him? Even Jones liked him—Jones, who didn't seem to like anybody. It did not matter whether he was wise or not; a worldly point of view was farthest from her youthful thoughts. It was her own affair; her own heart.

Five days later, as she and the riding master were cantering along the road, enjoying every bit of it, they heard the beat of hoofs behind. They drew up and turned. A rider was approaching them at a run. It was the head groom. The man stopped his horse in a cloud of dust.

"Sir, the stables are on fire!"

"Fire?"

All the riding master's savings were invested in the stables. The fact that he had solemnly promised never to leave Florence alone, and that he had accepted a generous bonus slipped from his mind at the thought of fire, a terrible word to any horseman. He wheeled and started off at breakneck speed, his head groom clattering behind him.

Florence naturally wondered which of two courses to pursue: follow them, when she would be perfectly helpless to aid them, or continue the ride and save at least one horse from the terror of searing flames. She chose the latter. But she did not ride with the earlier zest. She felt depressed. She loved horses, and the thought of them dying in those wooden stables was horrifying.

The fire, however, proved to be in-cidental. But it was plainly incendiary. Some one had set fire to it with a purpose in view. Norton recognized this fact almost as soon as the firemen. He had come this morning with the idea of surprising Florence. He was going out on horseback to join her.

His spine grew suddenly cold. A trap! She had been left alone on the road! He ran over to the garage, secured a car, and went humming out toward the river road. A trap, and only by the sheerest luck had he turned up in time.

Meantime Florence was walking her mount slowly. For once the scenery passed unobserved. She was deeply engrossed with thoughts, some of which were happy and some of which were sad. If only her father could be with her she would be the happiest girl alive.

She was brought out of her reverie by the sight of a man staggering along the road ahead of her. Finally he plunged upon his face in the road like the tender hearted girl she was, she stopped, dismounted, and ran to the fallen man to give him aid. She suddenly found her wrists clasped in two hands like iron. The man rose to his feet, smiling evilly. She struggled wildly but futilely.

"Better be sensible," he said. "I am stronger than you are. And I don't wish to hurt you. Walk on ahead of me. It will be utterly useless to scream or cry out. You can see for yourself that we are in a deserted part of the road. If you will promise to act sensibly I shan't lay a hand on you. Do you see that hut yonder, near the fork in the road? We'll stop there. Now, march!"

"She dropped her handkerchief, later her bracelet, and finally her crop, in hope that these slight clues might bring her help. She knew that Jones would hear of the fire, and, finding that she had not returned with the riding master, would immediately start out in pursuit. She was beginning to grow very fond of Jones, who never spoke unless spoken to, who was always at hand, faithful and loyal.

From afar came the low rumble of a motor. She wondered if her captor heard it. He did, but his ears tricked him into believing that it came from another direction. Eventually they arrived at the hut, and Florence was forced to enter. The man locked the door and waited outside for the automobile which he was expecting. He was rather dumfounded when he saw that it was coming from the city, not going toward it.

It was Norton. The riderless horse told him enough; the handkerchief and bracelet and crop led him straight for the hut.

The man before the hut realized by this time that he had made a mistake. He attempted to re-enter the hut and prepare to defend it till his companions hove in sight. But Florence, recognizing Norton, held the door with all her strength. The man snarled and turned upon Norton, only to receive a smashing blow on the jaw.

Norton flung open the door. "Into the car, Florence! There's another car coming up the road. Hurry!"

It was not a long chase. The car of the auto bandits, looking like an ordinary taxicab, was a high-power machine, and it gained swiftly on Norton's four-cylinder. The reporter waited grimly.

"Keep your head down!" he warned Florence. "I'm going to take a pot at their throats when they get within range. If I miss I'm afraid we'll have trouble. Under no circumstances attempt to leave this car. Here they come!"

He suddenly leaned back and fired. It was only chance. The manner in which the cars were lurching made a poor target for a marksman even of the first order. Chance directed Norton's first bullet into the right forward tire, which exploded. Going at sixty-odd miles an hour, they could not stop the car in time to avoid fatality. The car careened wildly and plunged down the embankment into the river.

Florence covered her eyes with her hands, and, quite unconscious of what he was doing, Norton put his arms around her.

(Continued next week)

—CALL ON—

Wm. Piepenstock

—FOR—

Harness, Saddles and everything in the Horse Furnishing Line

We also carry a large stock of Fur and Plush Robes and Horse Blankets
Prices Reasonable

John S. Lewis, Jr.

Wayne, Nebraska
Breeder of

Short Horn CATTLE

Britton Goods head my herd—the youngest son of FAMOUS OLD CHOICE GOODS.

Young Bulls For Sale

CARL NOELLE

Contractor and Builder

Estimates cheerfully furnished on All Classes of Work
Phone 191 Wayne, Neb.

Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company

Milwaukee, Wis.

J. H. KEMP

District Manager

Wayne, Neb.

Growthy, Big Type

Poland China

Male Pigs For Sale

J. and G. Paulsen

361f Carroll, Nebraska

....The....

White Livery

Chas. Madden

Proprietor

Invites your team to stop with him when you are at Wayne for a stop, long or short, assuring you that it will be well cared for.

Automobile and Team

Livery A Specialty

Let Me Carry You

C. M. MADDEN

The White Livery Phone 101

City Dray Line

Under New Management of

John Ludwickson

Solicits the patronage of the old patrons of the business under the new management as well as all others, promising good service and prompt delivery of all orders trusted to me.

Office Phone 45

Residence Phone 244

John Ludwickson

City Dray Line



"Do Not Speak or Make the Least Noise."

of the great men I met. I'd have

The Million Dollar Mystery

May Be Seen at the

'Crystal'

Next Monday Evening

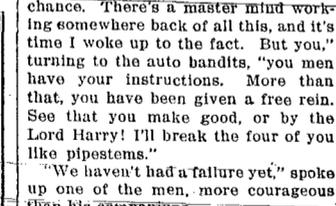
Showing the scenes told of in this chapter. Read it and then see it. The story is to be given each week in advance in the DEMOCRAT. Be sure to get the paper.



The Daughter of Hargreave Rode Horseback Every Morning.

the organization stood facing actual peril; and its one possible chance of salvation lay in the fact that no one's face was known to his neighbor. He, Vroon, and the boss alone knew who and what each man was. But the plans, the ramifications of the organization might become public property; and that would mean an end to an exceedingly profitable business.

The daughter of Hargreave rode horseback early every morning. She sought the country road. She was invariably attended by the riding master of a school near by.



"Do Not Speak or Make the Least Noise."

of the great men I met. I'd have

The Million Dollar Mystery

May Be Seen at the

'Crystal'

Next Monday Evening

Showing the scenes told of in this chapter. Read it and then see it. The story is to be given each week in advance in the DEMOCRAT. Be sure to get the paper.



"Do Not Speak or Make the Least Noise."

of the great men I met. I'd have

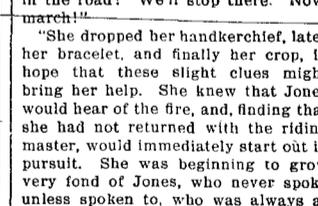
The Million Dollar Mystery

May Be Seen at the

'Crystal'

Next Monday Evening

Showing the scenes told of in this chapter. Read it and then see it. The story is to be given each week in advance in the DEMOCRAT. Be sure to get the paper.



"Do Not Speak or Make the Least Noise."

of the great men I met. I'd have

The Million Dollar Mystery

May Be Seen at the

'Crystal'

Next Monday Evening

Showing the scenes told of in this chapter. Read it and then see it. The story is to be given each week in advance in the DEMOCRAT. Be sure to get the paper.



"Do Not Speak or Make the Least Noise."

of the great men I met. I'd have

The Million Dollar Mystery

May Be Seen at the

'Crystal'

Next Monday Evening

Showing the scenes told of in this chapter. Read it and then see it. The story is

Try a
Valla Grand
Quality
5c
Cigar
sold at
Shultheis Pharmacy

Wants, For Sale, Etc.

Rooms for Rent—Inquire at Democrat or call 77.—adv.

FOR RENT—A well improved 155-acre farm adjoining city limits of Wayne. See Fred R. Wright, 6th house north of High School building.

Work wanted by young man attending normal to put in spare hours during week. Enquire at this office.—adv.

FOR SALE—One 2-year-old Duroc Jersey boar. Hans J. Hansen, Wakefield, Nebr.—adv. 39-2t.

A bargain on 640 acre ranch if sold soon, easy terms. Or will rent. I. W. Alter.—adv. 39-3t.

FOR SALE—I have one Poland China male hog, one year old, for sale. J. H. RIMMEL. Phone No. 429.—adv.

FOR SALE—Easy running sewing machine in good repair, also two heating stoves, cheap if taken soon. Enquire of Mrs. J. H. Boyee, 38-tf.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms in Wayne county in locality where but little land is offered for sale. Plenty of hay and good pasture and well improved. Write C. A. Leederer, Norfolk, Nebraska, adv.—34-4.

FOR SALE—A 480-acre ranch—100 acres farm, balance hay and pasture. Timber for fuel, posts, and sheds. Why pay big rent when one cash rent payment will make a payment on a home. Easy terms. Inquire of the owner.—Mrs. J. E. Abbott, Wayne Nebr.

200 Acre Farm For Sale

One of the best in Cedar county, 5 miles from Laurel. Well improved, good buildings, fence, scales, etc., 30 acres in alfalfa, and the best water and engine to pump to good concrete tanks. Priced low, and on favorable terms for sale before November 1, when it will be taken from market if not sold. For full particulars and terms, see the owner.

J. W. MORGAN, Wayne, Neb. adv.-40-2.

Great Opportunity for Landseeker—50 quarters choice land near town in Dunn Co., N. D. offered by Farmers Western Land Co., Pioneer Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. on half-crop basis: \$3 to \$4 per acre down. Schools and churches located. Surrounding lands improved. Investigate yet this fall. Free details. 41-8

Polled Durham For Sale

Have a few double Standard Polled Durham Bulls for sale. Am pricing them right for immediate sale. E. W. Splittgerber, route No. 3, Wayne Nebraska.—adv. 9tf

Shorthorn Bulls for Sale

Four choice registered young bulls. J. M. Roberts, Wayne, Phone 432.—adv 17tf.

Short Horns For Sale.

I have a number of good Short Horn Bulls for sale, from seven months to two years old. Come and see them if you are wanting a thoroughbred animal.—Adv. C. B. THOMPSON

Now On Sale.

Some excellent young Duroc male pigs and Rhode Island cockerels. Call at farm one mile south of Wayne.—Adv. Will Morgan.

Some Good Thoroughbreds.

I have a few choice pure-bred Duroc boars and Shorthorn bulls for sale. See me at the harness shop. JOHN S LEWIS JR.—Adv.

See the Democrat for wedding invitations.

GERMOZONE'S Big Value
It is not so much in its great efficiency as a remedy for roup, canker, chicken pox and other diseases of poultry, but in its greatest bowel regulator in the world for either poultry or stock (including pet stock), counteracting especially, bowel troubles due to mucus, spoiled and improper food. With man, fowls or animals, regular bowels means health. Constipated irregularly means some sickness, difficult to cure if not fatal. Thousands give Germozone regularly twice a week to chickens, young and old, at the same time having it ever handy as a ready remedy for other diseases. Sold by dealers or postpaid. One size only, 50 cents.

For sale by H. J. FELBER

Among the Churches of Wayne

Methodist Church
(Rev. A. S. Buell, Pastor)
We were appointed to the Wayne church by Bishop Theodore S. Henderson, at the Nebraska Annual Conference in Fremont September 22, and arrived on the field to assume our new duties Tuesday, September 29. We are greatly pleased with the place and the people. Our reception could not have been more pleasant and cordial. We found the audiences responsive and appreciative with every indication for a glad year of work and fellowship in the church life. The official members convened in business session on Monday evening and carefully outlined the year's work.

Next Sabbath we will occupy the hour of the morning worship with a special program presenting the business plans for the year as outlined by the official board. Addresses will be given as follows: "Our New Plan" by Dr. E. S. Blair; "How The Plan Works" by Professor I. H. Brittle; and "Religious Influences of Good Business Methods in the Church" by the pastor. Special music will be rendered by the choir.

All of the evening services will begin one-half hour earlier than previously. Epworth League devotional services at 6:30. Evening worship at 7:30, the subject being "God With Us", from the text "Is Jehovah Among Us or Not?" Exodus 17:7.

The mid week church service for praise and prayer will be attended with good interest manifest on last Wednesday evening. Of course you will plan to be present each Wednesday evening.

Our Sunday School Board meeting will be held next Tuesday evening, some important matters are to be attended to and a full attendance is desired.

The pastor received several members into the church by letter last Sunday morning. Let others who have Methodist letters bring them in and find a church home among us.

The Sunday services were well attended, the Sunday school showing a good increase. Rev. A. S. Buell, our new pastor, preached a helpful and interesting sermon from the text "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends." The audience was responsive and both pastor and people seemed happy in their new friendship.

Presbyterian Church
Rev. Alexander Corkey, Pastor.

"God's Laughter and Tears" will be the subject of the evening sermon at the Presbyterian church next Sunday evening. The service begins at 7:30 p. m. In the morning the service begins at 10:30, and the subject of the morning sermon will be "Life's Chief Aim and How to Attain It."

The Junior society meets at the church on Sunday afternoon at 3:00, and the Senior C. E. society meets at 6:30 p. m. Preparations are being made for a great Rally Day service for the Sunday school and church on Sunday, October 18th. Supt. J. H. Kemp and the program committee are arranging for appropriate exercises, and the attendance and interest in the Sunday school is expected to be greatly stimulated. The Sunday school meets at 12:00 o'clock immediately following the morning service.

Next Sunday morning a congregational meeting will be held after the morning service to take action on the question of sending a commissioner to the meeting of Presbytery, (which will be held at Madison in connection with the Synod meeting) so that the congregation may unite with Dr. Corkey in a request that his pastorate in Wayne be continued. When the announcement of this meeting was made in the church last Sunday the congregation rose and greeted their old new pastor with the Chautauqua salute as a kindly indication of their sentiments in regard to his return to Wayne.

The Women's Missionary society meets this week on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. H. J. Feiber. Reports on the finances of the society will be heard and arrangements for the work of the coming winter months will be completed. Mrs. J. G. Mines is the president of the society.

The mid-week services have been resumed, and will be held each week on Wednesday evening at 7:30. The general subject of prayer will be considered, and for several weeks the great prayers of eminent bible saints will be studied.

Baptist Church
Rev. B. F. Richardson, Pastor

At the communion service Sunday, the hand of fellowship was given to six new members. Two of these were baptized the week before, the others being received

by letter. This sets a good ideal before us for the coming year. We should expect conversions and additions to our church regular this year.

The new church year opens most hopefully along most lines of work. The every member canvas found a good interest and response in practically every home. It was a very fruitful week's work.

There will be preaching at the regular hour Sunday morning.

Saturday evening the first session of the State Convention meets with the Calvary church, Omaha. Delegates will gather there, representing all the Baptist churches of the state. On Sunday the pulpits of the city will be occupied by Baptist men. The pastor will preach at a Presbyterian church in the morning and at a Methodist church in the evening. Our church expects to send its full number of delegates. It is a great privilege to attend such a gathering and catch the spirit of its strong leaders.

Miss Laura Conover will lead the young people's society Sunday evening.

Wednesday evening at 7:30 the prayer meeting holds its regular and helpful service.

Sunday evening at 7:30 instead of the preaching service, there will be an evening of music, under the direction of Prof. Davies and his choir. A full program will be given elsewhere in the paper. This program will be worthy of a full house.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church
(Rev. Blessing, Pastor.)

Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. The subject of the lesson for next Sunday morning will be "The Last Supper", Mark 14:12-25.

There will be no preaching service next Sunday morning or evening as the pastor will be away attending Synod at Allen, Nebraska.

The Luther league will meet in the evening as usual, at seven o'clock. The subject will be "Caring for Our Own", Luke 10:1-11. Miss Stella Skiles will be the leader.

We urge all Lutheran young people to attend.

Beginning with October 18th, evening services will be held at 7:45 and the Luther League at 6:45.

The Ladies Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. Christ Flohr on next Thursday.

The Ladies Aid society will hold their annual Bazaar, on December 12th.

A cordial welcome is extended to all who wish to worship with us.

Altona Missionfest

The missionfest which was held at Altona last Sunday turned out very satisfactory. Although the weather was not encouraging for autos there was a very good attendance not only by the local congregation but also by the surrounding congregations. Two interesting sermons were delivered, one in the morning by Rev. E. Zaremba from Stanton and one in the evening by Rev. F. L. Treskow from Wisner. The choir of the Altona congregation under the leadership of Prof. W. Schmidt added highly in both services to the solemn disposition of the festival. The pupils of the parochial school also delighted the audience in the evening and proved to be well trained in singing. Despite the unfavorable weather every body enjoyed it and reached home safe. During the interval between the services a dinner was served to all, the ladies of the Altona congregation and the visitors having made ample preparations for this hour of refreshment and good cheer. One of the real objects of the meeting was most successful, the collection missions amounting to \$144.00, showing the disposition of the congregation to give of their plenty to advance their cause in less favored places.

DELINQUENT TAX LIST FOR 1913.

Treasurer's office, Wayne, Wayne county, Nebraska, October 1, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the revenue laws of the state of Nebraska, I, J. W. Roe, treasurer of Wayne county, will, on the 2nd day of November, 1914, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county treasurer, in the county courthouse in Wayne, in said county, offer at public sale and sell the following described real estate or so much of each tract of land or town lot as shall be necessary for the amount due thereon for the taxes of 1913, as herein stated, together with all expenses for advertising, costs and fees that by law have or may be accrued at the time of payment. I will adjourn the sale from day to day until all the said real estate has been offered for sale.

L. W. ROE, County Treasurer.

Township 25, Range 1.	S. E. quar. sec. 8.....	\$ 47.19
	W. half S. E. quar. sec. 9.....	17.60
Township 26, Range 1.	N. half sec. 4.....	\$121.73
	N. E. quar. sec. 10.....	65.21
	N. E. quar. sec. 31.....	54.48
Township 27, Range 1.	Part. S. E. quar. N. E. quar. sec. 10.....	\$ 3.74
Township 25, Range 2.	N. E. quar. N. W. quar. sec. 10.....	\$ 18.81
Township 26, Range 2.	S. half sec. 15.....	\$122.96
	S. E. quar. sec. 23.....	59.33
	N. half sec. 34.....	251.53
Township 25, Range 3.	S. W. quar. sec. 8.....	\$ 61.24
	N. half and N. half S. W. quar. sec. 17.....	150.31
	N. half S. W. quar. sec. 19.....	32.35
	S. half N. W. quar. sec. 30.....	22.96
Township 26, Range 3.	N. E. quar. and N. half N. W. quar. sec. 6.....	\$ 92.14
Township 27, Range 3.	S. W. quar. sec. 27.....	\$ 59.05
	S. half sec. 32.....	120.15
Township 25, Range 5.	S. W. quar. sec. 17.....	\$ 51.93
	S. E. quar. sec. 18.....	51.93
Township 26, Range 5.	Part N. E. quar. sec. 4.....	\$ 23.98
	Part N. E. quar. S. E. quar. sec. 4.....	.44
Original Wayne.	W. half lots 7, 8, and 9, block 9.....	\$31.96
	W. 100 feet lots 4, 5, and 6, block 12.....	56.40
	E. half 1, 2, and 3, block 15.....	28.20
	Lot 6, except W. 40 feet, block 19.....	30.08
	Lot 4 and N. half 5, block 21.....	28.20
	Lot 3, block 27.....	15.04
C. & B.'s Addition to Wayne.	Lots 5 and 6, block 4.....	\$37.60
	E. half lots 4, 5, and 6, block 7.....	56.40
	W. third, Lots 8, 9, 10, and 11, block 9.....	43.24
C. & B.'s Outlots to Wayne.	N. 72 feet lot 5.....	60.16
	N. 49 feet lot 7.....	20.68
Lake's Addition to Wayne.	Lot 4 and N. half lot 5, block 1.....	\$ 4.70
	Lot 6 and S. half lot 5, block 1.....	20.68
	Lot 12, block 6.....	32.90
	Lot 10, block 4.....	33.84
North Addition to Wayne.	Lot 3 and N. 10 feet 4, block 2.....	22.56
	Lot 17, block 5.....	30.08
T. & W.'s Addition to Wayne.	Lot 4.....	\$15.04
	Lot 13.....	28.20
	Lot 16.....	22.56
	F. half lot 19.....	5.64
	S. 100 feet lot 27.....	5.64
	Middle 96 feet lot 27.....	18.80
	Lots 29 and 30.....	33.84
Skeen's Addition to Wayne.	Lots 4, 5, and 6.....	\$ 6.77
B. & B.'s Addition to Wayne.	S. half lot 2, block 9.....	\$26.32
	Lot 3, block 9.....	38.54
Skeen & Sewell Addition to Wayne.	Lots 10, 11, and 12, block 1.....	\$ 7.14
	Lots 1 and 2, block 1.....	4.13
East Addition to Wayne.	Lots 3, 4, and 5, block 1.....	\$18.80
	Lots 3, 4, and 5, block 4.....	13.16
	Lot 12, block 5.....	35.02
	Lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, block 4.....	11.28
College Hill First Addition Wayne.	Lots 13 and 14, block 11.....	\$ 6.48
	Lots 15 and 16, block 11.....	1.88
	Lots 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, block 11.....	5.64
	Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, block 20.....	4.51
	Lots 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, block 23.....	14.29
	Lots 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, block 23.....	11.28
College Hill Second Addition Wayne.	Lots 5 and 6, block 2.....	\$.94
	Lot 16, block 3.....	.47
	Lot 18, block 3.....	.47
Roosevelt Park Addition to Wayne.	Lot 2, block 5.....	.94
	All of outlot 1.....	.94
Wayne Tracts.	Part N. W. quar. S. W. quar. 18-26-4.....	\$28.20
	Part N. W. quar. S. W. quar. 18-26-4.....	27.63
	Part N. E. quar. N. W. quar. 18-26-4.....	15.04
	E. half S. E. quar. and S. E. quar. S. W. quar. 12-26-4.....	9.40
	Part N. E. quar. S. E. quar. 13-26-3.....	1.88
Original Winside.	S. 75 feet lot 21, block 4.....	\$ 9.68
	Lot 3, block 5.....	2.23
	Lots 13 and 14, block 5.....	4.47
	Lots 15 and 16, block 5.....	10.06
	Lots, 16, 17, and 18, block 4.....	4.84
B. & P.' First Addition to Winside.	Lot 11, block 1.....	\$.74
Outlot One to B. & P.' First Addition to Winside.	Lot 16, 17, and 18.....	\$ 2.24
Original Carroll.	Lots 1 and 2, block 6.....	\$10.85
	E. 92 feet lot 17, block 8.....	6.12
	Lot 14, block 9.....	2.63
	Lot 17, block 9.....	5.25
First Addition to Carroll.	Lots 4, 5, and 6, block 4.....	\$15.56

Make Old Stoves Look New

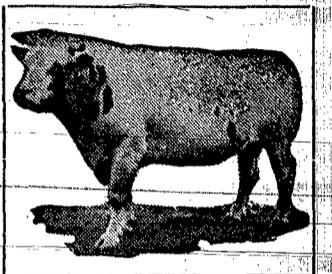
I am taking orders for Nickel Plating, and by this method the nickel on your old stove can be made to look like new at a small cost. The work is guaranteed to be first class. Now is the time to get your order in for the stove. I will call at request and give estimate of cost and also call for and deliver the work.

All other plating solicited.

Geo. Grunemeyer, Wayne

Call 'Phone 199 or 187 if evenings.

Cattle Wanted



Steers, Calves, Heifers, fat
...Cows or Bulls...

I am buying cattle of all kinds in large or small numbers. If you have a few steers, calves, heifers, fat cows, or bulls, call me up for prices. I am constantly gathering small bunches into car loads, and can use any age or class of cattle at good market price. Let me bid on your car lot of fat stuff.

Call me at Phone 336, or see me on the street or road.

WAYNE MORRIS THOMPSON WAYNE

A Daily for A Dollar

From Now Until April 1, 1915, Giving You

All the War News

Fresh from the seat of trouble, through the big press associations and special service.

Political Campaign

Affairs are independently treated as the paper is not tied up with any interests. Next

Winter's Legislation

will be fully reported in the interests of the taxpayers of Nebraska. Markets, special articles and a vigorous policy make this the paper you should read.

Lowest Priced Daily

in the state. Try it at this cut price. Paper will stop when time is up—Send your order to

LINCOLN DAILY NEWS

Lincoln, Nebraska

Now is the Time

A Good, Hand-Made, Oak Tanned LEATHER HARNESS

The Place is the Old Reliable

Established 1884
Wayne, Nebraska

John S. Lewis, Jr.

Lots 7 and 8, block 4.....	14.70	Lots 5 and 6, block 6.....	7.2
Carroll Tracts.		Lots 10, 11, and 12, block 6.....	12.55
Part N. half N. W. quar. 34-27-2.....	14.00	Hoskins' Tracts.	
Original Hoskins.		Part N. W. quar. S. W. quar. 27-25-1.....	\$10.62
Lot 6, block 3.....	\$ 8.20	Part N. W. quar. S. W. quar. 27-25-1.....	97
Lots 13, 14, and 15, block 4.....	16.16	Altona.	
Lot 13 and S. 25 feet lot 14, block 12.....	2.90	50 by 142 feet in block 3.....	\$ 1.32
Lot 15 and N. 25 feet lot 14, block 12.....	2.90	175 by 142 feet in block 6.....	150
First Addition to Hoskins.		Sholes.	
Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, block 1.....	7.72	Lot 9, block 2.....	\$ 3.82
Lots 5 and 6, block 2.....	\$ 1.93	Lots 4, 5, and 6, block 5.....	7.35
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, block 3.....	10.62	Lot 11, block 5.....	2.09
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, block 6.....	1.93	W. 100 feet lot 18, block 5.....	1.14
		Lots 1 and 2, block 7.....	69

NEBRASKA NEWS

State Railway Commissioners to Fight Rate Raise.

WESTERN STATES WILL JOIN IN

St. Elizabeth's Hospital in Lincoln Celebrates Twenty-fifth Anniversary. Revealing Remarkable Growth. Auto Registration.

Lincoln, Oct. 6.—Railway Commissioner H. G. Taylor and Judge-Expert U. G. Powell of the railway commission were in Kansas City conferring with members of the state commissions of western states relative to the opposition to be made by the state commissions to the proposed rate raise. The matter is being looked after by Mr. Thorne of the Iowa commission, and it is expected that all western states will join in the effort to keep down the proposed rates, which will include service.

Food Fee Report

The report of the food, drug, dairy and oil department of the state for September made by Commissioner Harman shows that the receipts of the department for the month were \$11,202.56. The items are: Oil and gas line inspection, \$3,861.62; permits issued, \$1,019; tags sold, \$310; seed analysis, \$5, and miscellaneous collections, \$6.78. There were 2,144 inspections made during the month, the largest being grocery stores, 385; hotels and cafes, 466; ice cream and confectionery places, 220; cream stations, 218; and cold storage places, 159.

Veterinarians to Confer.

State Veterinarian L. C. Kigin is sending out letters to members of state-veterinarian associations in the different states and those who are not connected with state associations and also to veterinarians in states which have no associations or boards, asking that they attend a conference of veterinarians which will meet in Omaha on Oct. 29 for the purpose of devising some uniform method for the shipment of cattle from one state to another and for the regulation of the same. The meeting will be held in the Live Stock Exchange building.

Hospital Anniversary.

St. Elizabeth hospital celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary, and over 1,000 people visited the institution, which in that time has grown from a small institution, with a capital of \$24 to start with. Additions have been built since that time on the grounds owned by the institution amounting to over \$100,000. In addition to this a new addition has been completed, costing \$135,000, and an effort will begin this week to raise \$100,000 to complete the payment on this building.

Apple Shippers to Have Hearing.

The Nebraska railway commission, through which was recently filed a joint complaint from Nebraska, Missouri, Iowa and Kansas on freight rates on apples, was notified by the interstate commerce commission that a hearing would be held and testimony taken by an examiner at St. Louis, Oct. 28. Apple shippers of the four states have asked for a better outgoing rate. The Nebraska commission took the initiative in drawing the complaint.

Elliott Made Mathematics Head.

Robert I. Elliott, deputy state superintendent, was unanimously elected to the head of the mathematics department of the Kearney normal school, taking the place of Mr. Snodgrass, whose resignation was received and will go into effect Jan. 1. Miss Gertrude Gardner of University Place, at present a teacher in the same school, was made teacher in the institution.

Requisition For Freling.

Extradition papers will be asked of the governor of Illinois for the return of Max Freling, wanted in Omaha for grand larceny and who is now in the hands of the Chicago police. Freling is accused of appropriating \$650 in money and \$200 in furs from Duke Schwartz, an Omaha dealer in furs.

Money From Government.

The governor's office was in receipt of a draft for \$10,643, being 10 per cent of the amount received by the government for the sale of government lands in Nebraska. This fund is to be credited to the agricultural fund of the state.

Auto Registrations.

Registrations of automobiles have reached the number of 62,566. Monday 130 applications came into the office of the secretary of state, which is one of the largest registrations made for any one day this year.

Aged Man Beaten by Burglars.

Beatrice, Neb., Oct. 6.—William Hartman, aged seventy years, was attacked by two burglars at his home in West Beatrice and severely beaten. He sustained a broken jaw and a number of ugly contusions on the head. The two men fled to the timber along the Blue river and escaped. Mr. Hartman was awakened by a noise in the house and when he stepped into the sitting room the intruders, who were in the act of taking a clock from the shelf, knocked him down and beat him unmercifully. Owing to his advanced age his recovery is doubtful.

Suffragists Tour Burt County.

Lyons, Neb., Oct. 6.—The equal suffrage automobile tour of Burt county was a great success. More than 1,000 people turned out to hear the speakers at Lyons, Oakland, Craig, Tekamah and Decatur.

DAMAGE SUIT DISMISSED

Old Soldier Is Given Judgment Against Widow at Broken Bow.

Broken Bow, Neb., Oct. 5.—A case attracting considerable attention in the district court was that of Brewster against Host, in which Elsie Brewster, an old soldier, seventy-three years of age, sought to recover \$534 from Melissa Host, an aged woman living near Callaway, loaned her in 1910. The evidence showed that Brewster had taken a mortgage on the Host farm at the time of the loan. According to the defendant's testimony, the plaintiff, Brewster, fell in love with her and they became engaged, Brewster telling her that as long as they were to be married he would make her a present of the mortgage. Brewster instituted foreclosure proceedings and Mrs. Host retaliated by bringing action for damages in the sum of \$5,000. A number of letters were exhibited by the defense as tending to show the amorous attitude the plaintiff had assumed toward the defendant. At the conclusion of the argument, Judge Hostetter summed up in short order, dismissing the \$5,000 damage suit and found for the plaintiff.

AK-SAR-BEN FESTIVITIES

Opening Days of Festival Bring Record Breaking Crowds.

Omaha, Oct. 5.—The attendance at the opening days of the Ak-Sar-Ben season exceeds that of former years. The attractions this year are much superior to former years, with the result that much favorable commendation is being expressed by visitors from the state. The greatest activity will be centered during the coming week in the parades and Ak-Sar-Ben ball.

Although the meetings of the Nebraska state and territorial pioneers have been finished, the exhibit installed by the Nebraska State Historical society on the ground floor of the court house will remain intact all this week.

The hundreds of articles that bridge the space of years between pioneer days and the present are daily viewed by crowds of spectators and Secretary Pauline Telt that he could not deprive those coming this week of the opportunity to see the collection.

CHURCHES PRAY FOR PEACE

Send Up Supplications That European War Will Cease.

Omaha, Oct. 5.—Omaha churches observed Peace day, the date named by President Wilson's proclamation asking that all Americans should unite in prayer for the ending of the great European war and all other armed strife.

Sentiment of most Omaha pastors as expressed by them is strongly opposed to war, but with it is the belief that, as part of the inscrutable plans of the Deity, good in some form must result.

At Trinity cathedral Dean Tancock, strongly condemning war as butchery and the creator of desolation and charity dependent women and children, emphasized that "All things work together for good to those that love God."

HOW DRUG PRICES SOAR

Druggist Gives Display Indicating Effect of War on Prices.

Lincoln, Oct. 5.—A Lincoln druggist has made a display in his window which is attracting a great deal of attention and demonstrate how the war in Europe has had the effect of advancing the price of drugs. He has several articles exhibited and with each a card showing what the war has done for the drug trade. Digitalis, grown in central Europe, has raised in price 85 per cent; nut gall, grown in Persia, has risen 100 per cent; acornite, from central Europe, has raised 110 per cent; saffron, from Italy, 135 per cent; nux vomica, from India, 175 per cent; senna leaves, from South Africa, 200 per cent; gum camphor, from Japan, China and Asia, 250 per cent; saec, from Italy, 154 per cent; asafoetida, from Persia, 300 per cent; ergot, from Spain, 350 per cent.

TANNERY AT SOUTH OMAHA

New Plant to Be Built For Manufacture of Shoe Leather.

South Omaha, Oct. 5.—One of the oldest dreams of South Omaha business men is about to be realized within the next three weeks, when the Omaha Robe and Tanning works will open its new tannery at Twenty-seventh and N streets. The firm has been in Omaha and South Omaha for some years, but their work was chiefly in the robe-making class, very little, if any, leather being manufactured here despite the enormous number of pelts to be had at the local packing centers. This is all to be changed now and the tannery will make leather, which will be taken by Omaha shoe factories and made into shoes.

Accused Murderer Taken at Carlleton.

Superior, Neb., Oct. 5.—Sheriff Jones captured Sam France at Carlleton, Neb., as he was getting ready to board the train out of town. He asked for a drink of water and parties reported him to the sheriff. The body of Tony Turco, whom France is accused of murdering, was taken to Omaha.

Ten Cars in the Ditch.

Columbus, Neb., Oct. 5.—A south-bound freight on the Norfolk branch of the Union Pacific was wrecked one mile north of Coonoc, ten cars going into the ditch, including one loaded with chickens. No one was injured, but the track was blocked until morning.

WAR NEWS SUMMARIZED

The battle on the Aisne gives every indication of being the greatest in history as to duration, losses and possibly in significance with respect to the outcome of the greatest war the world has ever seen.

The allies have been obliged to give ground at certain points on the western side of the battle line. This was announced in a statement issued by the French war office.

The announcement contained only the additional information that the battle continues with great violence to the north of the Oise without decisive result; and that there is no change on the remainder of the front.

The British reinforcements, consisting in part of trained East Indian troops and in part of territorials, composed of a Scotch regiment, which includes many sharpshooters who have won fame on the ranges in times past, have reached France to strengthen the small British army. Colonial troops also are on the way to the battlefield, some of whom have seen service in South African and other campaigns.

A wireless dispatch from Berlin to Sayville, L. I., brings a long German official statement, in which there is no reference to the great engagement in which the allies are attempting to turn the German right wing in northern France and reach the German line of communication to Belgium.

The German war office declares that in the siege of Antwerp, Forts Lierre, Waelhem and Konighoyck have been taken, opening the way for an attack on the inner circle of fortifications and the city proper.

Official Belgian denies that any of their forts have fallen came from Antwerp. They declare the situation around Antwerp remains unchanged.

The German war office says that the Russian left wing was defeated after a furious battle of two days on the Niemen river.

There has been nothing official from Petrograd, but the most recent reports, official and unofficial, from the Russian capital set forth that the German and Austrian forces all along the fighting area from the Baltic to Hungary were being driven back.

The German infantry have appeared in the fighting in the territory of Kiauchau, China. Tokyo announces a night surprise attack from Tsingtau, but says that the attack was repulsed. Fighting between the land and naval forces at Kiauchau continues.

The Servians still claim to be about to capture Sarajevo, the capital of the Austrian province of Bosnia. War headquarters at Nish announce that Servian troops have approached the fortifications of the city.

An official report from Vienna says that the Austrians are driving the Servian and Montenegrin invaders from east Bosnia and that two Montenegrin brigades were repulsed after a severe engagement lasting two days.

Latest reports from Vienna show that the population is seriously alarmed over the possibility of a Russian invasion.

The war is costing France \$7,000,000 a day. Minister of Finance Ribot, announced that the outlay for the first sixty days of the conflict had been \$420,000,000.

Przemysl, Galicia, has been attacked by the Russians on all sides. Two of the forts, it is stated, already have been taken and from these the Russians have been able to silence several Austrian batteries.

Losses reaching half of their strength were suffered by some of the contingents of the First Bavarian army corps in the battle of Saarburg and "borne without wavering," according to a detailed report of this battle issued by the German general staff.

Another day has passed and the situation between the allied armies and the Germans in northern France is still described by the French official announcements as satisfactory, with here and there progress along the line, but not a sufficient advance to the north and east to strike a decisive blow at the German right wing.

On both sides there have been innumerable offensive movements, the Germans, while relying upon their entrenchments to keep off the offensive in fierce assaults upon both French and British at short intervals.

Likewise, the Germans are continuing their campaign in Belgium by an attack on the outer defenses of Antwerp and, according to a Rome dispatch, are rushing thousands of troops and an immense supply of war material to the Russian frontier in a supreme effort to ward off the Russian advance.

Russian reports indicate that the German offensive toward the Niemen river from the East Prussian frontier has ended in a German rout after the battle of Augustowo, which has been under way since Sept. 25. If these reports are true it means that not only has General Rennenkampf been given an opportunity to resume the offensive, but the important fortress of Ossowetz has been relieved from investment.

While Berlin officially is silent on the progress of the war, the Berliner Tageblatt, in a leading article, expresses the confidence of the German people that further news from the battlefronts will be in favor of the Germans' arms.

A Rome dispatch says that Cossacks who crossed the Carpathian mountains are moving south and have occupied Heszsumese.

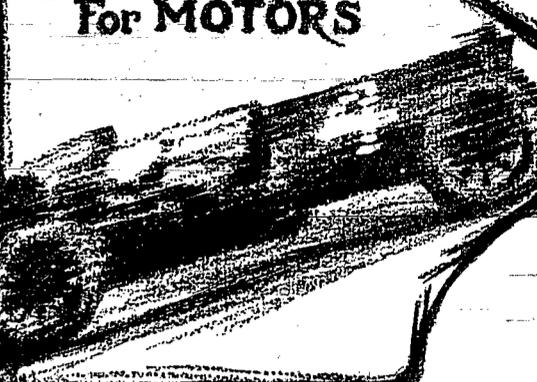
One oil to use
—one oil to ask
for—

Polarine

For MOTORS

the one oil for
all motors.

STANDARD
OIL CO.
(Nebraska)
OMAHA



LIVE STOCK PRICES AT SOUTH OMAHA

Cattle Sell Better on Moderate Supply.

HOG VALUES DECLINE 10 TO 15C

Packers Continue to Want Fat Lambs. Prices Steady to Dime Higher. Ewes Steady to Strong—Feeders Generally Steady.

Un-on-Stock Yards, South Omaha, Oct. 6.—Cattle receipts totaled 7,500 head today. While the whole tone of the cattle market was markedly firmer than it was the latter part of last week there was little evidence of this feeling as far as corn-fed cattle were concerned, as there were very few corn-fed of any description here. Really good to choice western range beef and feeding steers were chiefly conspicuous for their scarcity and large y for this reason buyers wanted them and paid 10@15c stronger prices for them than prevailed the latter part of last week, and even the medium and common grades were not so hard to move as they were last week. Anything good enough to attract competition sold strong to a dime higher than Monday. Cows and heifers also showed some improvement, but not so much. There was a little more activity in stockers and feeders than recently and desirable grades of all weights are right around 10@15c stronger than last week, although the volume of business continues comparatively limited.

Cattle quotations: Good to choice beefs, \$9.50@10.50; fair to good beefs, \$8.00@9.30; common to fair beefs, \$7.75@8.50; good to choice heifers, \$6.50@7.50; good to choice cows, \$6.00@6.75; fair to good cows, \$5.50@6.00; canners and cutters, \$4.00@5.25; veal calves, \$8.00@10.50; bulls, stags, etc., \$5.25@7.00; prime feeding steers, \$8.20@8.40; good to choice feeders, \$7.50@8.10; fair to good feeders, \$6.75@7.25; common to fair feeders, \$6.00@6.60; stock heifers, \$5.50@6.75; stock cows, \$4.50@6.00; stock calves, \$8.50@8.80; good to choice range beefs, \$7.40@8.00; fair to good beefs, \$6.75@7.25; common to fair beefs, \$6.00@6.65.

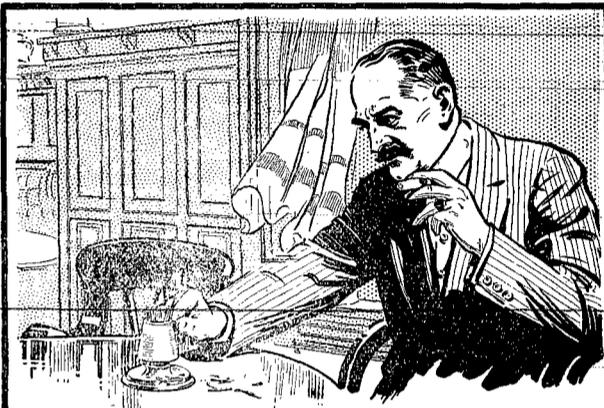
Some 5,300 hogs arrived today. The market was very slow again and prices were fully 10@15c lower than Monday. All other markets also reported a slow and lower market. Bulk of the sales was made at \$7.65@7.70, and tops reached \$8.00, a dime lower than Monday's best price.

Sheep and lamb receipts totaled 38,000 head. There was another active market today, with fat lambs selling generally steady to a dime higher and fat ewes steady to strong. The best lambs commanded \$7.50, with the bulk of the holdings moving at \$7.00@7.25. No important changes were apparent in the feeder trade, and prices were generally fully steady.

Quotations on range sheep and lambs: Lambs, good to choice, \$7.30@7.60; lambs, fair to good, \$7.00@7.30; lambs, feeders, \$6.00@7.15; yearlings, good to choice, \$5.75@6.00; yearlings, fair to good, \$5.50@5.75; yearlings, feeders, \$5.40@5.90; wethers, good to choice, \$5.20@5.50; wethers, fair to good, \$5.00@5.20; wethers, feeders, \$4.30@4.85; ewes, good to choice, \$4.50@4.75; ewes, fair to good, \$4.25@4.50; ewes, feeders, \$3.50@4.15.

Masked Women.

Upper class Swahili women wear curious masks, which are made of leather and bends in a wooden frame. The mask is derived from the traditional usage of Moslem women, who must keep their faces covered in the presence of men. For several centuries Arab traders have frequented this East African coast, and to their influence are due most of the civilized customs found today among the natives of the district. The clothing worn by these prosperous dames is of silk; their shoes are partly of silver, and they wear much silver jewelry. The Moslems in Zanzibar, by the way, are less fanatically strict about religious usages than their brethren in Morocco and Turkey.—Wide World Magazine.



"I Saw a Funny Thing

last night," writes a Philadelphia man.

"I was in the men's cafe of the... Hotel. A few tables away, and close to a window, was a rather rough-looking man of about fifty.

He took a cigar out of his pocket, bit off the end, put the cigar in his mouth, took a match out of the match box, and tried to light his cigar.

The match broke in two. He took another. The wind blew it out. With the third, fourth—

on up to the sixth—he had similar mishaps.

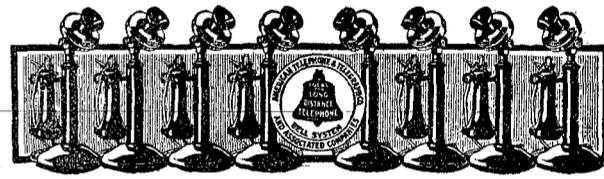
By that time, I had become tired of the spectacle, so I walked over to him, handed him a Safe Home Match and said: 'Here! Try this! It's a REAL match!'

He lit it and, in spite of the fact that the wind was coming in the window as hard as ever, lit his cigar."

Now the question is this: If one Safe Home Match will do what six ordinary matches failed to do, what is the relative value of Safe Home Matches and ordinary matches? The price is the same. But what is the relative value?

5c. All grocers. Ask for them by name.

The Diamond Match Company



U. S. Phone Calls

America, with only one-fourth of the population of Europe, writes about one-half as many letters, and sends about one-third as many telegrams, but we talk over the telephone nearly three times as much.

Here are the figures for 1912, the latest available:

Type of Message...	EUROPE		UNITED STATES	
	Number During 1912	Per Cent. of Total Europe	Number During 1912	Per Cent. of Total U. S.
First Class Mail	17,775,000,000	71.2%	10,212,000,000	39.4%
Telegrams	388,000,000	1.5%	113,000,000	0.4%
Telephone Calls	6,899,000,000	27.3%	15,600,000,000	60.2%
Total	24,972,000,000	100.0%	25,925,000,000	100.0%

America has more telephones and uses the telephone more than all the other nations combined, because American telephone service in efficiency and low rates leads the world.

NEBRASKA TELEPHONE COMPANY

DRS. ZOLL & HESS

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS
Office 3 doors west of P. O.
Dr. Hess' Res. Phone 123
Office Phone No. 6 Wayne, Nebr.

C. T. Ingham, M. D.

CALLS ANSWERED
DAY OR NIGHT.....
Phone 65 Wayne, Nebraska

Dr. M. L. Cleveland

Osteopathic Physician
2nd floor Wayne Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Office Hours 8:00 to 11:30 a. m.
2:00 to 5:30 p. m.
Hours by appointment
Phone— Office 119, Residence 37

A. D. LEWIS, D. C.

Chiropractor
One Blk. East of German Store
Analysis Free Lady Assistant
Phone 229 Wayne, Nebraska.

DR. A. G. ADAMS,

DENTIST
Phone 29. First National Bank Bldg

L. A. Kiplinger

LAWYER
Attorney for Wayne County
Over Central Market. Wayne, Nebr.

Frank A. Berry Frederick S. Berry

BERRY & BERRY
Lawyers
Wayne, Nebraska

C. H. Hendrickson C. A. Kingsbury

WAYNE PONCA
Kingsbury & Hendrickson
...LAWYERS...
Will practice in all State and Federal Courts
Collections and Examining Abstracts a Specialty
Wayne and Ponca, Nebraska

Dr. T. T. Jones

**OSTEOPATH
PHYSICIAN**
Calls Answered Day or Night
Phoness:
Office 44 Residence 346
Wayne, Nebraska

David D. Tobias, M. D. G.

Assistant State
Veterinarian
Office at Brick Barn Wayne, Nebr.

Piano Tuner Expert Repairing

I. P. Lowrey

At the G. & B. Store Phone 26

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

WAYNE, NEB.
H. C. Henney, Pres. H. B. Jones, Cash
A. L. Tucker, V. Pres.
P. H. Meyer, Asst Cashier
We do all kinds of good bankin.

GUY WILLIAMS

GENERAL CONTRACTOR
CARPENTER. BUILDER
Estimates furnished. Phone Black 180
Wayne, Nebraska.

C. CLASEN

GENERAL CONTRACTOR
CARPENTER. BUILDER
Contracts taken for the complete construction of buildings of all kinds.
Estimates Cheerfully Submitted.
Phone: Red 42 Wayne, Nebraska

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. ONE.

The following proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is submitted to the electors of the State of Nebraska, to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November 3rd, A. D. 1914.
"FOR A Joint resolution to amend section 1 of Article 9 of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, relating to the People of the State of Nebraska:
Section 1. That Section 1 of Article 9 of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:
Sec. 1. The rules of taxation shall be uniform as to any given class and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe. Taxes may also be imposed on incomes, privileges and occupations, which taxes may be graduated and progressive and reasonable exemptions may be provided. In addition to those hereinafter specifically mentioned in section 2 of this article,

Sec. 2. That at the general election in November, 1914, there shall be submitted to the electors of the state for their approval or rejection the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution in the following form: "For amendment to the Constitution providing for uniform and progressive taxation," and against said proposed amendment to the Constitution providing for uniform and progressive taxation."
Approved, March 27, 1913.
Attest: Secretary of State of the State of Nebraska, do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska is a true and correct copy of the original enrolled and engrossed bill, as passed by the Thirty-third session of the Legislature of the State of Nebraska, as appears from said original bill on file in this office, and that said proposed amendment is submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Nebraska for their adoption or rejection at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1914.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Nebraska.
Done at Lincoln, this 23rd day of March, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fourteen, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Thirty-seventh, and of this State the Forty-seventh.
ADAMSON WAIT,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. TWO.

The following proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is submitted to the electors of the State of Nebraska, to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November 3rd, A. D. 1914.
"A Joint Resolution to amend Section six (6) of Article one (1) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, to read as follows: Be it Enacted by the People of the State of Nebraska:
Section 6. That Section six (6) of Article one (1) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:
Section 6. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate; but in all civil cases and in criminal cases less than felonies, five-sixths of the jury may render a verdict, and the Legislature may authorize trial by jury of less number than twelve men in courts inferior to the district court.
Sec. 2. That at the general election for state and legislative officers to be held in the State of Nebraska on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in 1914, there shall be printed upon the ballot for election or for approval or rejection the above and foregoing amendment in the following form: "For proposed amendment to the constitution providing for the trial by jury in civil and criminal cases less than felonies, five-sixths of the jury may render a verdict," and against the proposed amendment to the Constitution providing for the trial by jury in civil and criminal cases less than felonies, five-sixths of the jury may render a verdict."
Approved, April 1, 1913.
Attest: Secretary of State of the State of Nebraska, do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska is a true and correct copy of the original enrolled and engrossed bill, as passed by the Thirty-third session of the Legislature of the State of Nebraska, as appears from said original bill on file in this office, and that said proposed amendment is submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Nebraska for their adoption or rejection at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1914.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Nebraska.
Done at Lincoln, this 23rd day of March, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fourteen, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Thirty-seventh, and of this State the Forty-seventh.
ADAMSON WAIT,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. THREE.

The following proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is submitted to the electors of the State of Nebraska, to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November 3rd, A. D. 1914.
"FOR A Joint resolution proposing amendments to Section 1 of Article V, and Section 24 of Article V, of the Constitution of Nebraska, relating to term of office and salary of Governor and other executive officers.
Be it Resolved and Enacted by the People of the State of Nebraska:
Section 1. That at the general election for state and legislative officers, to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, 1914, the following be submitted as amendments to Sections 1 and 2 of Article V, of the Constitution of Nebraska:
Sec. 1. The executive department shall consist of a Governor, who shall hold his office for a term of two years from the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January, next after his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified. In addition to the Governor, the executive department shall include the following officers: Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, Attorney General, and Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, each of whom shall hold his office for the term of two years from the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January, next after his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified. Provided, however, that the first election of said officers shall be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, 1914, and each succeeding election shall be held at the same relative time in each year thereafter. The Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, and Treasurer shall reside at the seat of government during their terms of office, and keep the public records, books and papers there, and shall perform such duties as may be required by law.
Sec. 24. The salary of the Governor shall be five thousand (\$5,000.00) dollars. The salaries of the Auditor of Public Accounts and Secretary of State, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings shall be two thousand five hundred (\$2,500.00) dollars each per annum, and of the Attorney General, four thousand dollars (\$4,000.00) per annum. The salary of the State Treasurer shall be three thousand (\$3,000.00) dollars per annum, and the Lieutenant Governor shall receive one and one-half the compensation of a senator, and after the adoption of the amendments they shall not receive for their own use any fees, costs, interests upon public moneys in their hands, or under their control, or any other compensation or other compensation, and all fees that may hereafter be payable by law for services performed by an officer provided for in this article of the constitution shall be paid in advance into the state treasury. There shall be no allowance for clerk hire in the offices of the Superintendent of Public Instruction or an Attorney General.
Sec. 2. That at the general election on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, 1914, on the ballot of each elector thereon, there shall be printed or printed or written the words: "For proposed amendments to the constitution, fixing the term of office and salary for governor, and other executive officers," and against the proposed amendments to the constitution, fixing the term of office and salary for governor, and other executive officers."
Approved, April 21, 1913.
Attest: Secretary of State of the State of Nebraska, do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska is a true and correct copy of the original enrolled and engrossed bill, as passed by the Thirty-third session of the Legislature of the State of Nebraska, as appears from said original bill on file in this office, and that said proposed amendment is submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Nebraska for their adoption or rejection at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1914.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Nebraska.
Done at Lincoln, this 23rd day of March, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fourteen, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Thirty-seventh, and of this State the Forty-seventh.
ADAMSON WAIT,
Secretary of State.

Election Notice

Notice is hereby given, that on Tuesday, the Third day of November, 1914, next, at the regular polling places in each precinct, an election will be held for the purpose of electing incumbents to the following named offices:
One Governor.
One Lieutenant Governor.
One Secretary of State.
One Auditor of Public Accounts.
One State Treasurer.
One State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
One Attorney General.
One Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.
One Railway Commissioner.
Two Regents of the University.
One Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
One Congressman for the third congressional district.
One State Senator for the Seventh Senatorial District.
One State Representative for the Twentieth Representative District.
One County Clerk.
One County Treasurer.
One County Judge.
One County Sheriff.
One County Superintendent of Public Instruction.
One County Attorney.
One County Coroner.
One County Surveyor.
One County Commissioner for the First Commissioner District.
One County Commissioner for the Third Commissioner District.
One Police Magistrate for the city and incorporated villages.
Two Justices of the Peace for each precinct.
Two Constables for each precinct.
One Overseer of highways for each road district in the county.
One Precinct Assessor.
For or against proposed amendment to Section 1, of Article 9, of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, providing for uniform and progressive taxation.
For or against proposed amendment to Section 6, of Article 1, of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, providing that in all civil cases and in criminal cases less than felonies, five-sixths of the jury may render a verdict.
For or against proposed amendment to Sections 1, and 24, of Article 5, of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, fixing the term of office and salary for governor, and other executive officers.
Also propositions submitted to the electors under the Initiative and Referendum.

Referendum

Shall the employer's Liability Bill and Workmen's Compensation Act, being Chapter 198 of the Session Laws of 1913, be approved, or rejected.

Referendum

Shall Chapter 128 of the Session Laws of 1913, relating to erection of Memorial Armory at Nebraska City, be approved or rejected.

Referendum

Chapter 246, of the Session Laws of 1913 relating to the location of the State University.

Initiative

Shall proposed amendment to Section 1 of Article 7, of the Constitution, relating to Electors, granting equal suffrage to women, be adopted, or rejected.

Initiative

Which election will be open at eight o'clock in the morning and continue open until six o'clock in the evening of the same day.
Witness my hand and seal this 23rd day of September, A. D., 1914. CHAS. W. REYNOLDS,
(Seal) 39-4 County Clerk.

Probate Notice to Creditors

In the county court of Wayne county, Nebraska.
In the matter of the estate of Wendel Baker, deceased.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the creditors of the said deceased will meet the Executrix of said estate, before me, County Judge of Wayne County, Nebraska, at the County Court Room in said county, on the 15th day of October 1914 and on the 15th day of April 1915 at 10 o'clock a. m. each day, for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for creditors to present their claims and one year for the Executrix to settle said estate, from the 15th day of October, 1914. This notice will be published in the Nebraska Democrat for four weeks successively prior to the 15th day of October, 1914.
Witness my hand and seal of said court, this 14th day of September, 1914.
JAMES BRITTON
(Seal) 38-4 County Judge

Concerning Mr. Howell

From our Lincoln correspondence we gather the following information about another attempt of the ex-regular army officer to knock fruit from the tree of credit, and appropriate for his own use something that another Howell planted and Gov. Morehead cultivated. Let no democrat be deceived by the false representations of this man. A foxy Omaha bunch is out to capture the office of governor for Omaha. Much spoils would go to Omaha with the office. Look out. The regular republicans of Omaha disapprove of him. The newly organized progressive party disapprove of him. Roosevelt disapproves of him and recommends that Sackett be supported by all true progressives. If all these persons consider him a person to watch, why should democrats be deceived. This is the man's record as our correspondent gathers from the records:
"Robert Beecher Howell lays great claims to being the father of Nebraska's irrigation laws. The truth is, he had nothing to do with the movement responsible for the present development of irrigation. The first move was made in 1891, before Mr. Howell was known outside of his own residence block. The movement culminated in 1895, under the direction of Senator Akers. Mr. Howell's connection with the irrigation movement has been limited to drawing a salary therefor. His connection with the water dispute in Omaha is not wholly to his credit. He sought first to extend the private franchise in order to defeat a democratic move for municipal ownership. Then he so manipulated the municipal ownership deal that Omaha was compelled to pay \$3,000,000 too much for the plant. Then he further manipulated until he got the \$5,000-a-year job of managing the costly plant. Before the voters of the state bite too freely at the R. Beecher Howell bait they should read what State Senator E. E. Howell of Omaha has to say about the Omaha water plant fight. Edward E. Howell and not R. Beecher Howell, is the real father of municipal ownership in Omaha, and had the voters listened to E. E. instead of R. B., they would have been about \$3,000,000 better off."

About Nebraska Farms

Reports of last census show that Nebraska has 129,678 farms; of this number 80,237 are operated by owners and managers and 49,441 by tenants. Sixty-two per cent of the farms of this state are operated by owners and managers and 38 per cent by tenants.
The farm home owners and managers of Nebraska cultivate 16,026,000 acres of land and the tenants till 8,356,000 acres in this state.
The value of the land and buildings of the tenant farms of this state is \$699,041,000; that of the home owners and managers is \$1,114,306,000.
Almost half of the farm homes in this, the richest farm county in the state, are occupied by renters. 1341 farm homes and 654 of them occupied by renters.
According to census reports more than 33,000 in this state have a new tenant every year. Where can a renter get—what improvement comes to a farm which has a change every year? It is a practice which the good of all demand be changed. This frequent moving is cause of much rural decline. A bulletin recently issued says so, and many who observe know it to be true. Read it:
Frequency of removal of farmers results in general shiftlessness; the roads and bridges are generally in a poor condition because the farmers, moving at frequent periods, are not particularly interested in their upkeep. Farm building of such farms are not usually kept in good repair, as the farmer who is about to move will leave the repairs for the next tenant to make. The same reasons will apply for lack of interest by the "unstable" farmer in the schools, churches and general welfare of the community. They move frequently; they do not remain on a farm long enough to get the best results from it, consequently they are usually in a poor condition financially."

Efficiency And Economy

Discussion of the abolishment of useless boards and commissions began to be current in the state a year ago. There took shape a movement looking to the accomplishment of that reform in the state government. It was a movement coincident with the demand for lower taxes and for an increase in the efficiency of government.
Six months before this movement was under way Governor Morehead actually put into effect such an elimination of offices. He did so without asking the sanction of the legislature or consent of any other man. He pressed into service a single official for the head of the oil, food, drug and dairy commissions. He combined the duties of what had previously been elaborately organized and highly-expensive departments. He provided for a systematizing of the work, for an efficient allotment of labor for the traveling inspectors and for an absolute curtailment of expenses at every possible point.
The saving has been a huge one. The entire department now is operated at a greatly decreased cost. Not a dollar's appropriations made by the legislature for its maintenance. And in addition to meeting every obligation, after paying all of the salaries of its head and its employes, it actually turns into the state general fund upwards of \$40,000 a year. The latter sum is thus earned by this department above all operating costs and goes into the treasury to aid in the payment of the running expenses of other state departments.
There was no political display when this change was made. It was just a quiet, unostentatious way Governor Morehead had of carrying out his campaign pledge of business administration.
Governor Morehead's initial term has been one of indisputable business progress—his next term will witness more progress.—World Herald.

Appreciates the Democrat's Offer

C. O. Johnson, who is living at Chico, California, writes as follows regarding the Democrat:
"Your paper is a welcome visitor every week and I will take advantage of your liberal offer. The fruit season is all over and we had a large crop. Fine weather—not any rain. Around this part we are all enjoying good health and wish you the same. Will close with kind regards to all."

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

POLITICAL ADVERTISING.

FOR SHERIFF.



W. H. JAMES.

Democratic Candidate for Sheriff.

Pledging efficient service to the people if elected he solicits your support. For nearly 30 years a resident of the county he believes he can discharge the duties of the office well and faithfully. If you do not know him, he will be glad to have you get acquainted.

GEORGE T. PORTER



Republican nominee for re-election to the office of sheriff. He has served the public faithfully, and asks that his record be endorsed by re-election.
I hereby announce my candidacy for reelection to the office of county attorney. I sincerely thank the people of the county for giving me this office, and trust that my conduct of it has been such as to merit the indorsement which a reelection implies.—L. A. KIPLINGER.

POLITICAL ADVERTISING.

PEARL E. SEWELL



Republican Candidate for County Superintendent.

Eighth grade teacher in the Wayne city schools, having lived in this city the greater part of her life, and having gotten her education right here at home; is a graduate of these same schools. She is also a graduate of the Wayne Normal school and attended the State University one summer term. She has taught several years in different country schools of the county, staying six years in one district.
She taught three years at Carroll, having charge of the third, fourth, and seventh grades, and two years in the department work in the seventh and eighth grades at Norfolk, and has begun on her fourth year in the eighth grade at Wayne. She holds a first grade "with honor" county certificate and a first grade city state certificate.

MAMIE E. WALLACE

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools.

Some Points to Consider.
Graduated from Wayne High School, spent two years at Bellevue College, graduated from the scientific course of the Nebraska Normal College, and from the Wayne State Normal, took professional work in Drake University, and attended summer school several years at Sioux City. Holds life state certificate, and life city certificate.

SIMON STRATE.



Candidate for Democratic Nomination for County Commissioner for the Third District.

If chosen to serve on the county board, he will use his best judgment in looking after the county's affairs.

L. A. KIPLINGER



Republican nominee for re-election to the office of sheriff. He has served the public faithfully, and asks that his record be endorsed by re-election.
I hereby announce my candidacy for reelection to the office of county attorney. I sincerely thank the people of the county for giving me this office, and trust that my conduct of it has been such as to merit the indorsement which a reelection implies.—L. A. KIPLINGER.

County Correspondence

Hoskins News

The dance held here Friday night was well attended. Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Rohrke autoed to Norfolk Friday.

Miss Ruth Fletcher visited with her sister Monte on Friday.

Miss Zeola Merriman spent Sunday with relatives at Wayne.

Miss Leota Eckert visited with friends at Stanton, Thursday.

Mrs. A. Nord of Norfolk came Saturday to visit with friends.

Aug. Bietz of Norfolk visited with his brother John, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hofus of Hadar visited at the Aron home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brubaker of Hadar visited with friends Friday.

Miss Monte Fletcher visited with home folks at Winside Sunday.

Miss Serena Houser of Norfolk spent Sunday at the Art Ziegler home.

Mrs. Schroer and children of Norfolk visited over Sunday with friends.

Fred Miller left Wednesday morning for Verdigris to visit relatives.

Miss Helene Schemel visited at the L. Koenigstein home in Norfolk on Friday.

Misses Hilda Aron and Helene Schemel of the Normal spent Sunday at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Morrow of Norfolk were visitors here, Saturday afternoon.

Edna Eckert visited from Saturday until Monday at the Nord home in Norfolk.

Andrew Lief and Eric Chapman left Wednesday morning for Omaha to attend to business.

Mrs. Roy Gleason and son Lawrence of Norfolk spent Sunday at the Gus Schroeder home.

Miss Elizabeth Kingsbury of the State Normal at Wayne, visited at the Schemel home Sunday.

Otto Miller returned Thursday from Lincoln, where he went to attend to business matters.

C. H. Hendrickson, republican candidate for county attorney was here on business, Saturday.

Mrs. Hannah Martin of Winside, and daughter Rose visited several days at the Glen Green home.

Miss May Bothwell of Meadow Grove, visited over Saturday and Sunday with Miss Helene Schemel.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Schultz and family of Norfolk visited at the Aug. Boush, Sr., home, Sunday.

Behmer Bros. Harp Orchestra autoed to Foster Saturday evening where they furnished music for a dance.

Mrs. J. A. Porter of Norfolk came Tuesday for several days visit at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Moratz and children of Norfolk came Thursday to visit several days at the Aug. Ruhlow home.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Klensang left Tuesday morning for Council Bluffs, Ia., for a week's visit with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Nelson, Frank Phillips and Miss Edna Baluss attended the dance at Winside, Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Buss and family of Pierce returned to their home Sunday after having visited a few days with relatives.

Mrs. John Pofahl left Tuesday evening for Norfolk to attend the wedding of her sister, Miss Louise Schultz to Mr. Norton Howe.

Mrs. John Aron and daughter Meta, and son John left Monday for Bonilla, S. D., to visit at the home of Mrs. Aron's daughter.

Mrs. Gus. Deck was seriously injured Thursday, when she was kicked in the head by a calf. She was unconscious for some time.

Messrs. Will Ruhlow, Henry Langenberg, Rudolph Ziemer, Ed. Behmer, Lloyd Ruhlow, Harry Behmer and Charley Miller autoed to Pierce Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Rohrke and daughter Ruth, autoed to Hadar, Tuesday evening where they attended the silver wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Peters.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cratty, Mrs. W. F. Lewis and two children and Miss Thelma Cratty of Elgin, visited over Saturday and Sunday at the M. H. Kibler home.

Mrs. Adolph Kieper of Wayne came Tuesday evening. Mrs. Kieper and Mrs. Fred Miller left Wednesday morning for Lincoln to visit with Mrs. Wm. Brueckner, who is at a hospital.

How about your subscription.

Wakefield News

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Berry Saturday, October 3d.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Byron Bushy, Tuesday, October 6, a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Paul, Wednesday, October 7, a daughter.

Miss Signa Jensen went to Chicago Sunday from a visit with relatives.

Mrs. E. A. Froyd was the guest of her grandmother at Webb, Iowa, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lutt and son went to Anoka, Iowa, Monday to visit relatives.

Mrs. Thos. Postlewait, of Anoka, Minn., is spending the week with Wakefield friends.

Chas. Thompson and Gust Test attended the Ak-Sar-Ben at Omaha Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. H. C. Peterson of Fremont arrived today for a brief visit with her sister, Mrs. E. D. Lundak.

Misses Ruth McMaster and Elsie Collins were the week-end guests of Miriam Kimball of Hartington.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Haskell and Miss Faith Haskell returned Friday from a two month's stay in the east.

J. H. Mitchell returned Sunday from Faulk county where he has been several weeks working on his farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cochran and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sar autoed to Omaha Wednesday to attend Ak-Sar-Ben.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Hanson visited in the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Henry of Creighton the first of the week.

Mrs. A. G. Joslyn and Mrs. Roy Fleming of Balden spent the forepart of the week at the home of J. W. Shellington.

Mrs. Edgar Larson came down from Inman Friday afternoon for a two week's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. Nelson and other relatives.

C. E. Dawes returned Monday from Winthrop, Ia., where he has been visiting his father who is ill. Mr. Dawes has been spending the summer in South Dakota.

Mrs. Frank Johnson entertained a company of friends at her home Wednesday afternoon. A delicious luncheon was served at the close of a pleasant afternoon.

Luther Bard returned Friday from a three week's visit with relatives and friends in Rock Island. His cousin Miss Florence Sandahl accompanied him home for a visit with relatives here.

Mrs. Wm. Harrison was pleasantly surprised Friday afternoon when few of her friends drove out from town to spend the afternoon with her and to partake of a picnic supper prepared by the guests.

About twenty ladies gathered at the home of Mrs. D. W. Woodworth Tuesday to spend the afternoon with her. The guests furnished a two course luncheon. Mrs. Woodworth was presented with a berry spoon.

The high school foot ball team defeated the Bancroft team at Bancroft Friday afternoon by a score of 25 to 16. The home team will play the Wayne high school team on the local field Friday, October 9, at four o'clock.

The members of the congregation of the Lutheran church gathered at the church Friday afternoon to surprise their pastor, Rev. Kraft. After a social afternoon the guest of honor was presented with a purse of money.

The house of Henry Crane nearly burned to the ground Saturday afternoon when the oil stove which they had filled with what they supposed was kerosene, but proved to be a mixture of kerosene and gasoline, exploded. Owing to the quick work of the firemen part of the house was saved but the furniture was badly damaged by fire and water.

Among those going to Sioux City to hear Schumann-Heink Monday evening were: Mesdames R. H. Mathewson, C. A. Sar, Martin Ekeroth, Agnes Kindstrom, the Misses Hannah, Naomi and Esther Hoogner, Florence Ekeroth, Myrtle Carson, Jevannah Swanson, Ruth Collins and Messrs. Martin Ekeroth, Clarence Cochran, C. B. Hoogner and Edwin Burman.

Wilbur Precinct.

Miss Ruby Cross spent last week at the Frank Flint home in Laurel.

Mrs. E. Clark of Laurel is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. A. Smith.

C. J. Harmeier purchased twenty-six head of cattle Saturday to feed, from Mr. Shannon of Carroll.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Smith, Mr. Smith's mother and Mrs. E. Clark spent Sunday afternoon at Irve Reed's.

Rosa Cross of this vicinity and Rudolph Clinker from north of Laurel were married in Hartington last Wednesday. Congratulations.

L. D. Bruggeman purchased forty-three head of feeders last week, Charles Meyers, Jr., thirty-six head and J. H. Campbell twenty head.

SOME BYGONE JOYS.

Such as Ash Hoppers, Greased Boots and Attic Bedrooms.

Suet and soapmaking! Also ash hoppers! Alas and alack, that venerable institution is no more. The modern prospectus for rural habitations and accessories provides no place in the landscape for that once indispensable adjunct to farm life and its blessedness.

D'ye mind the ash hopper in the back of the house, just around the piping fence? An inverted pyramid it was, into which the debris from the great fireplace was poured, with buckets of water thrown on the litter or else left to the sweet rains from heaven. Then the lye caught in the old iron kettle with the piece broken out of one side—it was once used for making apple butter. After that, the soap boiling—then the soap. Fine stuff, that soap—took the dirt out, all right, and removed the lye, too, if you weren't careful.

But the ash hopper has gone, along with the roller towel, the mackerel kit, hog jowls, red apples and winter turnips. The open fireplace, too, has passed, before which you used to fry on one side, while icicles formed on the other. Nor is there any attic room under the shingles where the boys slept, with pap's old cavity saddle in one corner and a sickly geranium roosting precariously on the window sill. Nor do we see the old time boots, slicked up with a mixture of mutton tallow and beeswax, which, however, didn't prevent a need for the services of four blacksmiths and a plumber to get 'em off o' nights when the boot-jack failed. And the boot-jack itself—say, when you come to think of it, a department bulletin has got more real sentiment and "insides" between its covers than can be found in Kipling's "Soldiers Three" or than Rossett ever dreamed of in his visions of Blessed Damozels and that sort of thing. O, you modern housewives!—Washington Post.

WHEN A MAN LIES.

He Breathes Differently From When He Tells the Truth.

When you are telling a lie you breathe differently from when you are telling the truth. The difference was discovered by means of some tests made upon his students by Professor Benussi of Graz.

He prepared cards bearing letters, figures and diagrams and distributed these among his pupils. These were required to describe the cards correctly, except in certain cases when the cards were marked with a red star and the students receiving them were required to describe them falsely. Each student was watched carefully by his fellows, who, ignorant of the nature of the card, tried to judge from his manner whether he was telling the truth or not. The watchers were unable to judge with any certainty.

But before each man began his test the time occupied in inspiration and expiration was measured, and the measurement was taken again immediately after he finished. It was found that the utterance of a false statement always increased and the utterance of a true statement always diminished, the quotient obtained by dividing the time of inspiration by the time of expiration.

Dr. Anton Rose, commenting in Die Umschau on these results remarks that the discovery furnishes a certain criterion between truth and falsehood. For even a clever liar is likely to fail in an attempt to escape detection by breathing irregularly. Professor Benussi having discovered that men are unable voluntarily to change their respiration so as to affect the result.

Solved the Mystery.

The late Sir Edwin Durning-Lawrence, famous for his theories that Bacon wrote Shakespeare's works, used to tell this story against himself. On one occasion, talking on his favorite subject to an old lady, he impressed on her as final proof the "fact" that Shakespeare could not write his own name, let alone the plays. "Oh, I see!" the old lady said. "I quite agree with you now, Sir Edwin. You mean that he dictated them!"

He Was a Stayer.

Two millionaire business men were lunching in Fifth avenue when an old graybeard stumped by.

"That's Brown. He works for me," said the first business man.

"He's an honest looking chap. Has he got staying power?" asked the second business man.

"He has that," said the first. "He began at the bottom of the ladder twenty years ago, and he's stayed there ever since."—New York Tribune.

DAIRY and CREAMERY

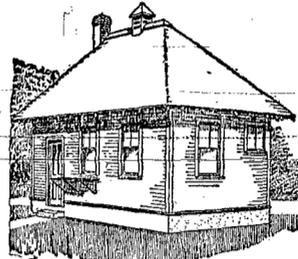
PRACTICAL MILK HOUSE.

Building Designed to Handle Product of a Herd of Sixty Cows.

Prepared by the dairy division, United States department of agriculture.

The milk-house should be located at a convenient place where there is good drainage and should be free from contaminating surroundings. A cement floor is very important, and this should be extended up on the sides at least six inches, or better still, to the window casings, particularly in the wash-room. Light and ventilation should be provided, and the windows and doors should be screened in summer.

In one corner of the building a small weigh room is partitioned off, the floor of which is raised twenty-



The building herewith illustrated is designed to provide an inexpensive and conveniently arranged milk house for the dairyman who produces milk for shipping or retailing from a herd of twenty-five to sixty cows. The building is divided into four rooms, arranged to eliminate unnecessary labor and at the same time to provide sufficient space for the apparatus, its operation and care. Detailed plans are furnished in circular 168, bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture.

four inches above the main floor. This room is entered from the vestibule. The milker takes the milk of each cow to this room, where it is weighed, recorded on the milk sheet and emptied through the funnel, which is provided with cheesecloth strainers and a hinged cover. The milk passes from the funnel by gravity to a mixing tank and cooler, from which it empties into a can which is carried over to the bottle filler for immediate bottling or into shipping cans, which may be placed in the pool built into the bottom of a refrigerator. If it is desired to separate the cream a steam turbine separator would be provided, run by steam from the boiler.

The building itself is 12 by 22 feet outside the frame, and height of story is eleven feet two inches in the clear. It is a light frame structure placed on a concrete foundation built eighteen inches above ground and has a concrete floor six inches below top of foundation wall. This brings the sills above the floor, so they will not rot from the dampness, as the floors should be washed daily.

The exterior of the building is covered with weather boarding, boards and battens or roofing paper, as desired, while the interior is plastered in weigh room, milk room and wash room with cement plaster on metal lath and finished in white enamel paint. The walls are plastered against door and window frames and castings omitted. All corners are plastered round and smooth to avoid lodging places for dirt and germs. Ventilator flues from the ceiling of milk and wash rooms are connected with the monitor on the roof. The boiler room is left unfinished except the wash room partition, which is sheathed to protect the plaster on wash room side. The building should be built for from \$200 to \$400, according to location, cost of material, labor, etc.

MILKING THE HEIFER.

Young Animals With First Calves Should Be Gently Handled.

Many young heifers are absolutely ruined by careless or rough milkers during the first week of the milking period, says the American Agriculturist. Through bad treatment they get a bad reputation as poor milkers, while the fault lies entirely with those who handle them. A good milker is probably a greater rarity than a good cow. The cow is a sensitive creature and requires to be handled in a gentle manner. No portion of her body is more sensitive than her udder. It is a great relief to the cow to have her distended udder relieved of the milk there is in it, but she expects it to be drawn quickly and gently, not by unnecessary tugging at the teats, but by a gentle, rapid pressure and with a downward movement of the fingers.

As a rule, with her first calf the cow's udder is swollen and tender, the skin distended and very sensitive. It is wise to wash the bag and teats with warm water and wipe dry and apply vaseline after milking. With clean cows and clean stables the next step should be a clean milker and to be a clean milker does not necessarily mean that a man must wear a white duck suit. It does mean that he must have clean hands and clothing. The milker must be neat in his methods and keep the utensils neat and clean.

SAVED THE FLEET.

Brilliant Exploit of a Brainy Wisconsin Lumberman.

A BIT OF WAR TIME STRATEGY

The Red River Was Dammed, and Admiral Porter's Gunboats Shot the Rapids, Though the Scheme Had Been Ridiculed by Army Engineers.

In the spring of 1864 a Wisconsin lumberman by a brilliant exploit saved the Red river fleet of the Mississippi squadron from destruction. To thwart the intrigues of Napoleon III., who had sent a French army into Mexico, the federal government desired to gain a strong military foothold in Texas. To this end it was planned to send an army and fleet into Interior Texas by way of the Red river, which was navigable only in the spring.

The army under General Banks, supported by Admiral Porter's fleet of gunboats, began the ascent of the river. But matters went badly almost from the beginning. The leaders quarreled among themselves, the preparations made were inadequate, and, worst of all, the Red river suddenly began to fall, when by all precedents it should have risen. Admiral Porter, fearful that his fleet would be caught in the shallows, hurriedly descended the stream, and the army, already savagely handled by the opposing Confederate force, followed after.

At Alexandria, in central Louisiana, the retreating federals found themselves face to face with a crisis. At this point the Red river is broken by a mile of rapids; the stream had fallen so quickly that the gunboats could no longer navigate the channel. The water was but three feet four inches, whereas Porter's larger gunboats drew at least seven feet. Here was indeed a desperate situation—the army far from its source of supplies, the victorious enemy pressing in hot pursuit, and the \$2,000,000 fleet marooned by falling water. It seemed to almost every one that the only course open was to blow up the vessels.

But Lieutenant Colonel Joseph Bailey of the Fourth Wisconsin, who was serving at the time as acting engineer of the Nineteenth army corps, came forward with a plan for bringing the ironclads to safety. It was to raise the level of the water above the rapids by constructing a great dam across the river. When a sufficient depth of water had accumulated he proposed to break the dam in the center, thus forcing the vessels with the outrushing flood through the shallows and into the deep water below. Before the war Colonel Bailey had been a lumberman and had often seen this scheme employed in the Wisconsin pineries to "lift" stranded rafts of logs to safety. The project was at first received with ridicule by Colonel Bailey's superiors. It was declared impossible of achievement by the best engineers in the army.

But there was nothing else to be done, and at length the Wisconsin lumberman was dubiously granted permission to put his project to the proof. His first step was to requisition detachments of "pinery boys" from the Twenty-third and Twenty-ninth Wisconsin regiments, who understood what was to be done and how to go about it.

In all 3,000 men were employed in the enterprise. Hundreds of men were set to felling trees, other hundreds toiled in the quarries that were opened for the occasion, and two or three hundred wagons were engaged in the essential work of transporting the materials for the dam. Up to their necks in the swift current, which swept over the rapids at the rate of nine miles an hour, under the blistering southern sun, the men toiled.

At the end of eight days the river was sufficiently high to permit three of the lighter gunboats to pass the upper falls, where they had been held, and come down to a position immediately above the dam, ready to pass the lower rapids. One more day and the dam would be high enough to permit all to come down in readiness for the final attempt.

On the morning of the ninth day, however, the steadily increasing pressure of the water caused two of the stone barges in the middle of the dam to swing aside, and through the opening thus created the accumulated torrent swirled. The three lighter vessels that were in position to make the passage, together with a fourth that had meanwhile come up, promptly took advantage of the break and, passing the remaining rapids on the flood tide, safely reached the deeper waters below.

Somewhat encouraged by the escape of at least four of the vessels, the men bravely set about repairing the damage that had been done. Within three days the break had been closed and in addition two wing dams constructed on the upper falls. The remaining gunboats, somewhat lifted by the backwater of the wing dams, were now hauled over the upper falls, and on May 12, amid the tumultuous cheers of 30,000 soldiers lined up along the shore, made the perilous passage over the lower falls to the deep water below.

On June 11, 1864, congress adopted a resolution of thanks to Lieutenant Colonel Bailey. A few months later the officers of Admiral Porter's fleet presented him with a beautiful sword and loving cup, and before the year was over he had been promoted by order of the war department to the rank of brevet brigadier general—Frederick Merk.

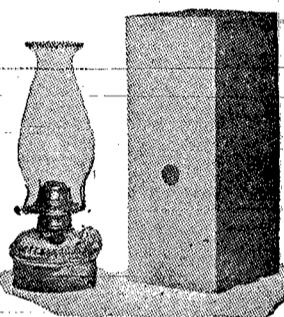
POULTRY and EGGS

HINTS ON EGG SHIPPING.

Parcel Post Offers Facilities That May Be Profitably Employed.

Experiments recently made by the department of agriculture demonstrate that the parcel post can be employed successfully and profitably by the farmers in the shipment of eggs. During these experiments 9,000 eggs were shipped in 400 lots, about 3 per cent of which were broken and only about 2 per cent unfit for use.

That the eggs should be properly packed is, of course, essential. This implies time, care and some expense and is one reason why no attempt should be made to market by parcel post any but the finest quality of eggs, for they alone will bring remunerative prices. Moreover, if the customer who buys in small lots finds that any considerable proportion of



Illustrated herewith is a home-made egg candling outfit, consisting of a small hand lamp and pasteboard box. The box should be large enough to be placed over the lamp after the ends are removed without risk of fire and should preferably be colored black. In order to supply air to the lamp matches should be cut in the edge on which the box rests. A round hole is then cut in the box at the level of the lamp flame. The candling is done by holding each egg against the hole while the rest of the room is in darkness. The light reveals any defect in the egg.

his purchases is undesirable or even unattractive in appearance he will not trouble to ask for deductions on that account. He will simply discontinue his orders. The producer, therefore, must see to it that all the eggs the postman delivers are what he represents them to be.

This can only be done by candling them. Candling—the process of testing eggs by passing light through them so as to reveal the condition of the contents—is omitted by many producers who rely on care in collecting to eliminate all bad eggs. It is, however, impossible to avoid an occasional accident, and candling is therefore advisable as an extra precaution.

If possible, only infertile eggs should be sent to market. Fertile eggs deteriorate rapidly in warm weather and are the cause of much loss. A broody hen on the nest or accidental exposure to a high temperature may start incubation and cause the egg to spoil and injure the shipper's reputation. It is advisable, therefore, to retain the fertile eggs for home use or dispose of them in some other way than through the parcel post. This is also true of soiled eggs. Eggs should never be washed when intended for high class trade, since the process removes a natural mucilaginous coating and opens the pores of the shell.

After this thorough elimination of the unfit, the eggs that remain should be carefully packed in a container of corrugated pasteboard, metal, wood or other suitable material. The postoffice regulations require this container to be so wrapped that nothing can escape from the package, and each egg, in addition, to be wrapped separately in excelsior, cotton or some such material. Any soft paper serves the purpose quite well. As for the container itself there are many kinds on the market, and the department of agriculture investigators have not attempted to decide which is the best. Instead they refer inquirers to the various state experiment stations, which have available information on this question.

Hens Need a Dust Bath.

If you have a cement or board floor in your poultry house be sure to provide a place in which the hens can dust themselves. With a dirt floor a hen can usually find a place to dust herself, but with a hard, bare floor she has no place other than the one you provide for her. The dust bath is not an imaginary need of the hen, but an actual necessity. A large, shallow box, partly filled with dust and coal ashes, makes an ideal bath. Some lice powder can be scattered in it, or a few drops of crude carbolic acid, and the fowls will keep themselves free from lice without much effort on your part.

Care of the Pullets.

Pullets should receive the best of care if you are looking to them for early egg production next fall. Give them the best of care and the best of food and get them in condition so that they will begin to lay as early as possible. While the first few eggs may be small, yet it will take them but a short time to get to marketable size.

German Lutheran Church

Rev. Moehring, Pastor

Next Sunday there will be the usual services at this church—Sunday school and preaching beginning at 10 o'clock. All welcome.

Advertised Letter List

Letter—Miss Ethel Clayton, James Hank, John Hasse, E. J. Roeder. C. A. BERRY, P. M.